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THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

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NEWS OF AMERICA'S FORMAL ENTRANCE IN WAR AGAINST GERMANY DUE TODAY!

Resolution Is Approved By Senate Committee; Assured of Overwhelming Vote!

DUMA CALLS ALL ROMANOFF FAMILY UP TO PETROGRAD

'The Army Is Ready,' Brussiloff's Assurance To War Minister

ALEXIEFF TO LEAD

Wife of Ex-Premier Stuermer Makes Attempt To Commit Suicide

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, April 2.—All the members of the Romanoff Dynasty have been asked to leave General Headquarters and come to Petrograd.

The troops at headquarters are sending a deputation to Petrograd, to greet the Duma. General Alexieff has been confirmed as Commander-in-Chief of the Russian forces.

General Brussiloff, the Commander-in-Chief of the Southern Army, has telegraphed to M. Gutchkoff, Minister of War, that the army is ready.

The wife of M. Stuermer, the ex-Premier, has attempted to commit suicide.

London, April 3.—The Times' correspondent at Russian headquarters states that it has been decided to form a War Cabinet of seven members, on the models of the British and French War Cabinets and to sweepingly re-organise the Army High Command. A strongly pronounced feeling against Germany is apparent in the army.

The Times' correspondent refers with reserve to the actual state of efficiency of the army at the moment. It transpires that General Alexieff had great difficulty at the time of the Revolution in dis-suading the Tsar from ordering troops from the front, with the object of re-establishing the authority of the late Government.

Their 'Plane Felled, Aviators Escape On Abandoned Schooner

When Russian Aircraft Disabled Crew Use Maxim To Capture Turkish Vessel

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique reports:—We threw back at the point of the bayonet enemy attacks which penetrated our trenches in the regions southward of Illukst and south-east of Vladimir-Volynsk.

One of our seaplanes, making a raid on Derkas, was compelled to descend. The aviators brought their machine-gun into play against a Turkish schooner, whereupon the crew abandoned it and the aviators got on board and sailed towards Russia.

They encountered a heavy storm, but arrived at Djarligatch Peninsular, from which point they returned to Sebastopol by a torpedo-boat.

U. S. Court Convicts 6 Germans of Conspiracy

Hoboken Chemical Works Superintendent in Plot To Destroy Ships

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, April 2.—Six Germans, including Captain von Kleist, a Captain of the German navy on the retired list and Superintendent of the Chemical Factory at Hoboken, have been convicted of conspiracy to destroy steamers with incendiary bombs.

Capturing St. Quentin Wood British Troops Now Within Couple of Miles of the City

Another Day of Numerous Successes; Win Positions Along Ten-Mile Front; Account for Eight Aeroplanes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday: We made substantial progress at numerous points.

North-eastward of Savy, we carried the villages of Francilly-Selency, Selency and Holnon. We captured six field-guns.

We are now within two miles of St. Quentin. We have captured St. Quentin Wood, Villecholles and Bihecourt. We established posts at Templeuex-le-Guerard and Vaucelette Farm, two miles eastward of Heudecourt.

We attacked and captured a series of strongly held positions, on a ten-mile front, which form part of the advanced defence between the Bapaume-Cambrai road and Arras. During this operation, in which the enemy made a most determined resistance and suffered heavy loss, we captured the villages of Doignies, Louverval, Longatte, Ecoust St. Mein and Croisilles and took 182 prisoners. Our artillery broke up a counter-attack.

Guns Smash German Attack

Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: In the course of our attack yesterday, south-east of Arras, we carried the village of Henin-sur-Cojeul. Our artillery broke up a second counter-attack. Further south, we captured Maissemy and occupied Ronssoy Wood.

Six enemy aeroplanes were brought down and two driven down, damaged. Six of ours are missing.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters, wiring today, states that a blizzard has impeded operations, but the enemy have been completely cleared out of Henin-sur-Cojeul, five miles south-east of Arras and thus our line is almost dead straight for 14 miles from Beaurains, south of Arras, to the great Amiens-Cambrai Road, near Beaumetz. It is reported that we have again made progress in our north-western advance towards St. Quentin.

(By wireless).—A German official communique claims that they took over three hundred prisoners near Noreuil, on the British front, but, coming under British machine-gun fire, only sixty of them reached the German lines.

Advance by French

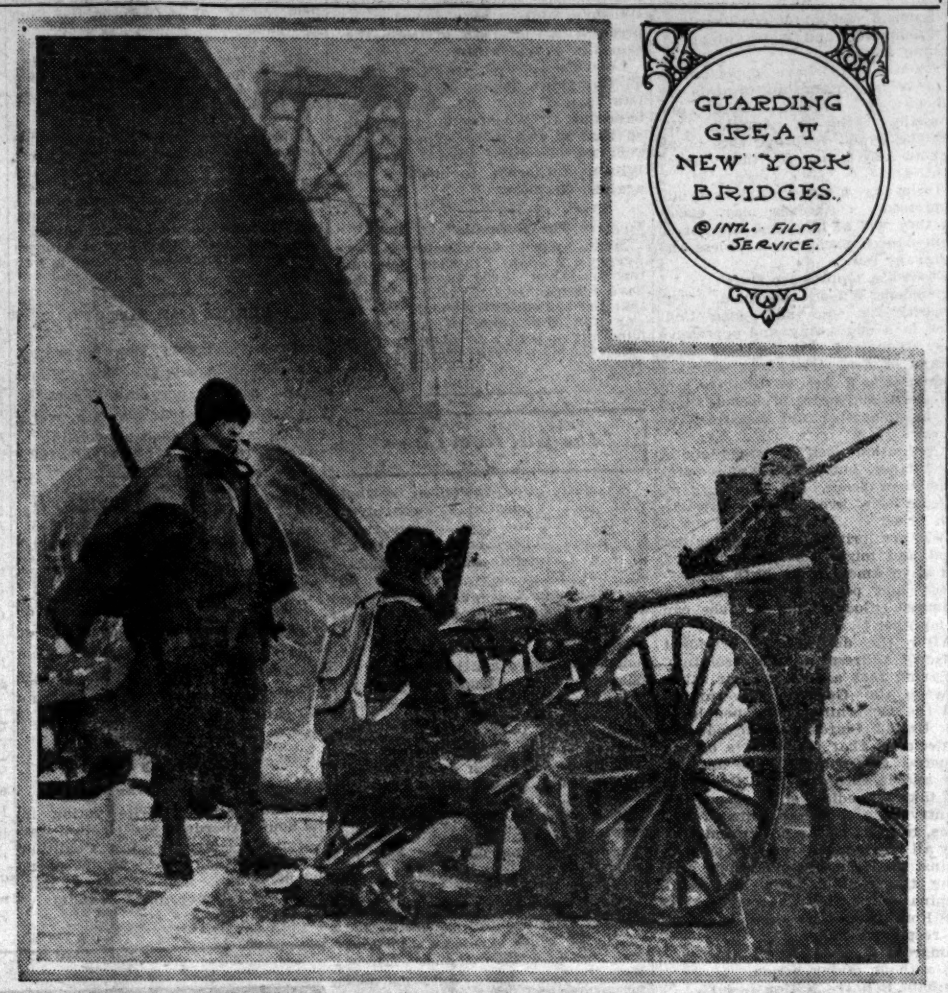
Paris, April 3.—The official communique issued yesterday evening reported: Between the Somme and the Oise, there have been artillery actions, which were especially violent in the sector of Castres-Contescourt. North of the Ailette, we advanced in the region of Landricourt.

The communique this afternoon reported:—There have been intermittent artillery actions from the Somme to the Aisne. Patrol encounters occurred north and south of the River Ailette.

We captured six machine-guns in the region of Vauxaillon, yesterday. An artillery struggle continues fairly violently in the regions of Butte-du-Mesnil and Maisons-de-Champagne.

Our fire repulsed an attempt made by the Germans against a trench in the sector of Seppois-le-Haut, in Alsace.

Naval Militia Guns Guard Big New York Bridges



Naval militiamen and light-landing guns are being used to guard the bases of the great New York suspension bridges from possible attack from the water. Naval militiamen line the roadways and approaches of the Brooklyn, Manhattan, Williamsberg, Queensboro, Hell Gate and other bridges from New York to Long Island, while other militiamen are on duty at the bases of the bridges with guns such as that shown in the picture. Tugs equipped with light-calibre guns patrol the water and halt any craft approaching close enough to do any harm to the bases, the destruction of any one of which would send the giant structure crashing into the river almost two hundred feet below, together with its vast burden of trolley cars, elevated railroad trains, foot passengers, automobiles and trucks.

PATRIOTIC SCENES MARK PRESIDENT'S CONGRESS APPEAL

Whole Legislative Body, Including Pacifist Group, Cheers Executive

INDICTS GERMANY

Armed Neutrality Impracticable, U-Boats Being 'In Effect Outlaws'

AUSTRIA LEFT OUT

Mr. Wilson Emphasises No Enmity With People, But Irresponsible Ministry

Owing to the difference in time between Shanghai and Washington, news of the action of the American Congress, yesterday, on the War Resolution, cannot reach here until some time today.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 3.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has approved, with slight verbal amendments, the resolution brought forward by the Administration declaring that a state of war exists with Germany.

The resolution was introduced to both Houses today, but consideration of the measure was postponed till tomorrow. It is expected that it will pass the House of Representatives and the Senate by an overwhelming majority.

The President's Address

Washington, April 2.—President Wilson began his speech to Congress with a review of the development of German submarine warfare. He dwelt at length on the ruthlessness of the recent measures taken by Germany, especially the sinking of Belgian relief ships, notwithstanding that they were furnished with German safe-conducts, with a reckless lack of compassion or the principles of international law.

"The German Government has thrown to the winds all scruples of humanity or for the understandings which are supposed to underlie intercourse throughout the world. At present, the German warfare against commerce is a warfare against mankind.

"The challenge is to all nations and, in making choice of action, our motive should not be revenge, or the victorious assertion of physical might, but only a vindication of the right of human rights, of which we are only a single champion.

Armed Neutrality Impracticable

"Armed neutrality now appears impracticable, because German submarines in effect are outlaws and not to be compared with privateers and cruisers. Therefore, it is common prudence to endeavor to destroy them at sight, before they have shown their intention.

"Germany has intimated, however, that armed guards on ships are subject to be treated as pirates. Armed neutrality in face of such pretensions is worse than ineffectual.

"We are incapable of choosing the path of submission and suffering our most sacred national rights to be ignored and violated. The wrongs against which we now array ourselves cut to the very root of human life.

Advises War Declaration

"In unhesitating obedience to what I deem to be my duty under the Constitution, I advise Congress to declare the recent course of the Imperial German Government to be, in fact, nothing less than war against the Government and people of the United States, which formally accepts the status of a belligerent thrust upon it and to take immediate steps, not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defence,

NEW PEACE PROPOSALS FROM CENTRAL POWERS

Opinion in London Austria Is Bringing Pressure On Germany To End War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, April 3.—The German newspaper Lokal Anzeiger states that the Central Powers are going to make a new peace offer.

London, April 3.—The announcement made in the Lokal Anzeiger culminates a combination of circumstances: Firstly, the statement made by Count Czernin, the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, to a representative of the Fremdenblatt; secondly, a declaration made by the Vorwaerts that the Central Powers are working "for an honorable and satisfactory peace"; thirdly, the significant gathering of the Kaiser and Kaiserin and the Emperor and Empress of Austria at German Great Headquarters.

The most prevalent belief is that Austria is bringing pressure on Germany to end the struggle, which is threatening to ruin the respective countries and endanger the dynasties.

MEXICAN ARMY CHIEFS WANT WAR WITH U.S.

Favor Siding With Germany; Civilian Leaders Intent On Neutrality

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, April 3.—The attitude of Mexico towards the United States is attracting renewed attention. It is reported that the civilian leaders of Mexico City are disposed to maintain neutrality, while the military leaders favor siding with Germany and the declaration of war.

Communications Bank To Lose Privilege Of Government Treasury

Is Lower House Recommendation, With Proviso To Maintain Credit of Notes Out

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 4.—The House of Representatives has passed the third reading of the bill cancelling the privilege of the Bank of Communications to act as the Government Treasury, though a number of members pointed out that the step might possibly result in a serious drop in the value of the bank's notes. In deference to these arguments, a recommendation was added that the Government should devise means to maintain the credit of Bank of Communications notes already issued, which amendment was also adopted.

Committee To Decide About Statue to Hay

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 4.—The Senate yesterday voted equally on the motion to refer the John Hay Statue Bill to a committee. The Chairman threw his casting vote in favor of the motion.

JAPANESE TO BRAZIL

Tokio, April 3.—The Nippon Yusen Kaisha has opened a South American line for the transport of emigrants according to the agreement with the Brazilian Emigration Company.

The Weather

Fine and warm weather, with variable and moderate breezes. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 83.3 and the minimum 50.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 60.6 and 32.8.

FIRST AMERICAN ARMED BOAT TO SAIL IS SUNK

Nineteen of Crew of s.s. Aztec Saved; Twenty-Eight Are Still Missing

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, April 3.—The United States Consul at —— has advised the owners of the s.s. Aztec (3,508 tons), the first armed American steamer to sail for Europe, that she was sunk by a German submarine, on the 2nd.

Havre, April 3.—A French patrol-boat has picked up a boat with nineteen of the crew of the s.s. Aztec, twenty-eight of whom are missing. The sea is rough and it is feared that it may be impossible to rescue them.

Settlement Reached Over Barrow Strike

Men to Resume Work On Vote Of 1,623 For And 1,250 In Opposition

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—The strike at Barrow-in-Furness has been settled and work is being resumed tomorrow.

In a ballot of the strikers, 1,623 voted for the resumption of work and 1,250 against.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Apr. 5
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Apr. 7
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakual M. Apr. 10
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Apr. 12
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru Apr. 14
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. Apr. 5
Per C.M. s.s. China..... Apr. 18
Per T.K.K. s.s. Persia Maru Apr. 19
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano M. Apr. 13
Per N.Y.K. s.s. F[illegible]himi M. Apr. 22

250 at Farewell Luncheon To Captain Ransom, S. V. C.

Britishers Join in Honoring Popular Officer, Who Will Volunteer for War Service with U.S. Army

Dr. S. A. Ransom, Captain of the American Co., S. V. C., was guest of honor at a tiffin given at the Palace Hotel yesterday. The occasion was the approaching departure of "The Captain" and his widespread and great popularity was manifested by the number of guests who sat down to an excellent meal. In all covers were laid for 210 but this number was exceeded by at least a couple of score and the result was one of the most successful gatherings of Americans ever held here.

Consul-General Sammons incorporated a new scheme of his in the function—the "get-together, pull together" idea and, like all of his departures, this also was a complete success. Everyone was put in the best of humors right away by the carrying round the room of the "Stars and Stripes" while all stood and there was another patriotic demonstration to wind up with when, on the call of Taipan Blake of Socony, three cheers were accorded "Our British Guests and Cousins."

In addition to Capt. Ransom, who was on the Consul's right, there was a large assemblage of prominent visitors from home at the chief table, these including:

Captain F. L. Chadwick, Senior Officer Present of the United States Asiatic Fleet, Commanding the U. S. S. Wilmington.

Lieut. G. H. Bowdey and Lieut. Maurice S. Berry, of the same vessel, and other naval officers.

Mr. John J. Abbott, of Chicago, Vice-President of the Continental and Commercial Bank.

Mr. Henry Russell Platt, of Chicago, of the law firm of Mayer, Meyer, Austrian and Platt, Attorneys.

Mr. J. A. Thomas, one of the Directors of the British-American Tobacco Co., formerly Manager of that Company at Shanghai.

Mr. Chas. E. Richardson, Agent for Asia of the Fisher Flouring Mills Co., of Seattle.

Mr. L. M. Snowden, Special Representative and Disbursing Officer for the State Department, Washington, en route from Russia to the United States.

Mr. F. L. W. MacDonald, of MacDonald and Co., Shipping and Commission Agents of San Francisco.

General Julian S. Carr, of Durham, North Carolina.

Mr. Francis H. Williams, representing the American Crayon Co., of Sandusky, Ohio, and Waltham, Mass.

Mr. C. C. Closterman, of New York, representing French and Ward, Woolen Mills, New York.

Major Wm. H. Anderson, of Manila.

Dr. Wm. Remsen Varick, of New Hampshire.

Mr. W. L. Keane, an American business man of Yokohama.

Mr. Fred. S. Colburn, of Chicago.

Mr. John Russell Kennedy, of Tokio, formerly American Associated Press representative in the Far East and now in charge of the Japanese Press Service.

Mr. Wm. A. Rogers, of Buffalo, who was the Chairman of the Reception Committee of his city that entertained the Chinese Commission visiting the United States in 1915.

Mr. Henry J. Patten, grain merchant of Chicago.

The Consul General also invited as his guests a number of recent permanent arrivals in Shanghai, in addition to the guest of honor, Dr. Ransom, and a special effort was made to include those not as yet members of any American organisations.

Attorney Edgar Pierce Allen, of Tientsin, who returned a few days ago from leave in the United States, was one of Judge Lobingier's guests at the lawyers' table.

Mr. C. H. Blake had a large party at his table including half a dozen Britishers.

The "get together" spirit was very much in evidence in the quarter of an hour allotted before sitting down to tiffin and promptly on time the Consul-General cleared the way for the speakers.

In introducing the guest of honor, Consul General Sammons said:—This is the first joint get-together,

(Continued on Page 3)

but also to exert all its power and employ its resources to bring Germany to terms and end the war."

President Wilson, supplementing the intentions of the United States with regard to co-operation with the Allies, said that it would be necessary to mobilise all material resources to supply war-materials and to serve the needs of the nation in the most abundant and yet most economical and efficient way possible for the immediate and full equipment of the navy, especially to deal with enemy submarines.

He expressed the opinion that a new army should be raised by conscription and also authorisation for a subsequent additional increment of half-a-million men as necessary. He suggested the proposed principles for governing the raising of money and added: "We should endeavor to keep the nations in the field supplied with materials."

Co-operation with Allies

The passage in President Wilson's speech regarding co-operation with the Allies was as follows:—

"This will involve the utmost practicable co-operation, in council with the Governments at war with Germany and, as an incident thereto, the extension to those Governments of very liberal financial credits, in order that our resources may, as far as possible, be added to theirs. This will involve the organisation and mobilisation of all the material resources of the country, to supply war materials and to serve the incidental needs of the nation in the most abundant, most economical and most efficient way possible.

"This will involve the immediate and full equipment of the Navy in all respects, particularly in supplying it with the best means of dealing with the enemy's submarines. This will involve the immediate addition to the armed forces of the United States of at least half-a-million men, who should be chosen on the principle of universal liability to service and also authorisation of a subsequent and additional increment of equal force as soon as it is needed and can be trained.

Asks Adequate Credits

"This will involve also the granting of adequate credits to the Government, which should be sustained as far as they can be equitably sustained by well-conceived taxation, in order to avoid, as far as possible, serious hardships and the inflation likely to arise from vast loans.

"In carrying out these measures, we should keep constantly in mind the wisdom of interfering as little as possible with the duty of supplying the nations at war with Germany with the materials they can obtain only from us, or by our assistance. They are in the field and we should help them in every way to be effective there."

After a scathing reference to selfish autocratic power and the desire to ensure the observance of the principles of peace and justice among really free and self-governed people, President Wilson said: "We are not quarreling with the German people, but feel sympathy and friendship towards them. It was not with their impulse, knowledge or approval that their Government acted in entering on the war, which was determined on like a war in the olden days, when rulers in no way consulted their peoples and waged war in the interests of dynasties or of little groups of ambitious men accustomed to use their fellow-men as their pawns and tools."

Greets New Russia

The President, in the course of a powerful argument in support of the recognition of democratic rights, referred in glowing terms to the Russian Revolution and greeted the new regime as a fit partner for the "League of Honor."

President Wilson continued: "The Russian people, in all their native majesty, have now been added to the forces fighting for freedom, justice and peace.

Tells of Intrigues

President Wilson sarcastically said that self-governed nations did not fill their neighbor States with spies, or launch an intrigue to bring about a critical posture of affairs, which would give an opportunity to strike and make conquest. Cunningly-contrived plans of deception or impression, carried from generation to generation, could only be worked out if kept from the light, within the privacy of Courts, or behind the carefully guarded confidences of a narrow and privileged class.

"It has been proved in courts of justice that intrigues coming perilously near disturbing the peace and dislocation of industries have been carried out at the instigation and with the support and personal direction of German officials, proving that Germany purposed aggression at its convenience. The interception of the Note to the German Minister in Mexico was an eloquent testimony of her evil designs.

"We are accepting this challenge, knowing that such a Government can never be a friend, but a menace to the security of all democracies. We are accepting battle with this natural foe and shall, if necessary, spend the whole force of the nation to nullify its pretentions.

"We have no selfish ends to serve. We do not desire territorial aggrandisement or indemnities, but we are making sacrifices freely, as champion of the rights of mankind and we shall be satisfied only when these are secured."

Still Peace With Austria

President Wilson postponed discussion of America's relations with Vienna, indicating that, at present, there would be no fighting with Austria-Hungary.

"America," he continued, "does not possess enmity towards the German people. It is not seeking to injure or disadvantage them, but it is in armed opposition to an irresponsible Government, devoid of considerations for humanity and right, which is running amok.

"America will have opportunities to prove her friendship towards the millions of German birth and sympathy living in America. We shall be proud to prove this to all German-Americans, if they stand with us.

"Disloyalty, however, will be firmly suppressed. Outbreaks may occur, but they will be local and will not be countenanced, except by a lawless and malignant few."

'Distressing, Oppressive Duty'

President Wilson concluded: "The necessity for thus addressing Congress is a distressing and oppressive duty. It may be that there are many months of fiery trial and sacrifice ahead. It is a dreadful thing to lead this great and peaceful people into the most terrible and disastrous of all wars.

"Civilisation itself is seemingly in the balance, but right is more precious than peace. In fighting, we dedicate our lives and possessions with pride.

"We are privileged to spend our blood and might for the principles that gave America the birth of happiness and peace which she has treasured. God helping her, she can do no other."

After the delivery of President Wilson's Address, a joint resolution, declaring that a state of war exists between the German Government and the Government and people of the United States, was introduced. It declared that recent acts of the Imperial Government were acts of war and it authorised the President "to take immediate steps to put the country in a thorough state of defence, to exert all its power and employ all its resources to carry on war against the German Government and bring the conflict to a successful termination." This was referred to the Foreign Affairs Committees of the respective Houses.

Congress then adjourned till Tuesday, without taking action.

Chaplain Believes Nation Loyal

The Chaplain, at the opening of the House of Representatives, addressed the House. He said that diplomacy and reason appear to have failed. "We abhor war, but, if it is forced upon us, every American will uphold the President in safeguarding the American inheritance."

The crowds outside the Capitol cheered frantically as President Wilson entered and left and, during his Address, Congress roared cheer after cheer, in an ecstasy of patriotism. It vociferously applauded his declatation that the United States would never submit to injustice and also his advice that the United States should help the Allies financially and otherwise and the declaration for an army based on universal service.

When the President asked Congress to declare that a state of war existed all present rose, yelling approval. At the conclusion of President Wilson's Address, all, even the few supposed pacifists, rose, waving handkerchiefs and small flags and the cheers were deafening.

An unprecedented incident occurred when Miss Rankin, the first woman member of Congress, blushingly responded to the roll-call. She received an ovation.

Press with President

New York, April 3.—The newspapers in the United States, irrespective of their political affiliations, unanimously epitomise President Wilson's Address as a complete expression of the ideals of the nation.

Consider War Certain

London, April 3.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. A. Bonar Law stated that the British Ambassador at Washington telegraphed that it was to be expected that Congress would give President Wilson authority to declare war against Germany.

To Save The Germans?

Tokio, April 3.—(Eastern News Agency). A San Francisco telegram reports:—Over 5,000 society ladies have telegraphed to President Wilson that the United States should join the war for the sake of justice and humanity in order to shorten it and save Germans from the horrors of war.

'The Girl from Ciro's'

A comedy farce with music is what "The Girl from Ciro's" was given out to be on the Lyceum programs last night. The comedy part of it there was a slight excuse for inserting; but the music was *non est*. So the Bandman Co. were once again working under difficulties—up against an almost impossible show.

The ladies carried off all the honors that were going, which is an indication of the character of the comedy provided for—not by—Winn and Coutts. The latter did not make an ideal lover for Miss Marjorie Manners, while Winn, too, was not at his best. Hodgson and Kellaway had parts that gave them no chances. So much for the men.

Miss Manners was as good as ever in a trying part, but she had more rivals than usual for premier place. Miss Gracie Rosslyn had a lot of dancing to do and it was a lucky thing for the show. Miss Rosslyn's sprightly tip-toeing was easily the best of the whole evening's entertainment and in the Apache Dance, especially, she was simply splendid She earned and deserved round upon round of applause.

Miss Addie Leigh and Miss Kathleen Doyle were in leading parts and the former had a good scene in her "muzzy" condition after the fifth glass of champagne. Miss Leigh came through the trying ordeal with flying colors. Miss Doyle was also good.

The house was not by any means well filled.

News Brevities

The Directors of the Shanghai Gas Company, Limited, have decided to recommend payment of a dividend for 1916 of Tls. 2.50 per share, being at the rate of five per cent on the paid up capital, and that Tls. 139,749.47 be written off for depreciation of plant and buildings, Tls. 30,000 transferred to Renewals and Depreciation Account and Tls. 34,232.27 carried forward to next account.

* * *

The S. V. Artillery will go into camp at the Riding School, Gordon Road, for the Easter holidays.

* * *

Mr. W. Stark Toller, H. M. Consul at Ningpo, arrived in Shanghai yesterday by the s.s. Hsin Peking.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Junior Golf Club will be held today at 6 p.m. in the Club Pavilion.

* * *

An extraordinary general meeting of the Cathay Trust, Ltd., will be held today at 4 p.m. to consider the voluntary winding up of the company.

* * *

Another very large gathering filled the ballroom of the Carlton last night to see Senor Antonio Cruz and Senorita Juanita Ibanez, in their new dances. Tables, indeed, were at a premium and a good idea for intending patrons is to book in advance. The newcomers are talented dancers and the Carlton these evenings is well worth a visit.

AEROPLANE LOSSES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—The Times states that the aeroplane losses on the western front, last month, were:—British, 58; French (according to German reports), 71; German, 133.

Lower House Impeach Governor Of Chekiang

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 4.—The House of Representatives has passed a bill of impeachment against the Governor of Chekiang, which was immediately referred to the Government, for investigation.

FLEMING IS M.P.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—The voting in the South Aberdeen bye-election was as follows:—Mr. Fleming, Coalition candidate, 3,283 votes; Mr. Watson, Independent, 1,507 votes; Mr. Pethick Lawrence, peace candidate, 333 votes.

LU YUNG-TING RESIGNS AS REFORMS REJECTED

Government, To Retain Him, Doubles Chang Hsun's Job For West River

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 4.—On the invitation of the President, General Lu Yung-ting has taken up his quarters in the Presidential Palace. He will probably stay for some time in Peking.

According to the Chinese newspapers, General Lu Yung-ting, being unable to obtain the Government's acceptance of his proposals regarding the appointment of his former officers to important posts in Kwangtung, the disbandment of superfluous troops, etc., has tendered his resignation as Tuchun of Kwangtung, recommending Chen Pin-kun, the Tuchun of Kwangsi, as his successor. The Government, however, has refused to accept his resignation and, in order to induce him to remain in office, proposes to appoint him Inspector-General of Military Affairs of Liangkwang, or the West River, in addition to his present post as Military Governor of Kwangtung, a post similar to that held by General Chang Hsun as Inspector-General of the Yangtsze.

ASK GEN. LO SHALL REMAIN

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Chengtu, April 4.—It is reported that Tai Kan has wired to the Central Government, advising against General Lo Pei-kin visiting Peking, lest his Yunnanese troops should prove unmanageable during his absence.

Peking, April 4.—The Central Government has received several telegrams from Szechuen, pointing out the serious consequences that are likely to result if General Lo Pei-kin leaves, notably from a number of military commanders, who revile the commanders of the Szechuen troops, who have been demanding the removal of the Tuchun, General Lo.

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.
39 Nanking Road

HOUSES FOR SALE:

Tls. 23,000: Modern residence, corner house, situated in the French Concession. Seven Rooms. Tennis lawn.

Tls. 22,000: Newly-constructed residence. Modern plumbing, corner property. Seven Rooms. Tiled Kitchens and Baths.

Tls. 18,000: Seven rooms, brick residence. Hot and cold water. Near the French Park.

Tls. 17,000: Seven-rooms, newly constructed house, on two and a half mow of land. In the International Settlement Garage.

Tls. 16,500: Five-roomed, detached house, modern plumbing, hot and cold water, just being completed.

LAND FOR SALE

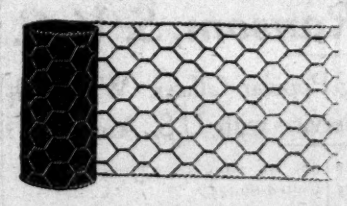
On Yu Yuen Road: Two lots each containing about four mow. North side of road.

On Avenue Joffre: A large plot of land, situated in best part of Avenue.

On Rue Corneille: From one to six mow. This is one of the finest residential streets in the City.

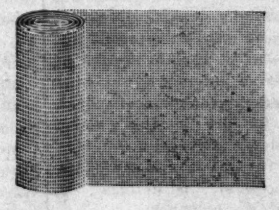
On Rue Lafayette: We can sell you any sized lot you desire. This is the new sixty foot boulevard parallel to the Avenue Joffre.

Our speciality is Real Estate for any purpose and in any locality. It will pay you to consult us first.



GALVANIZED IRON WIRE NETTING

GREEN WIRE CLOTH



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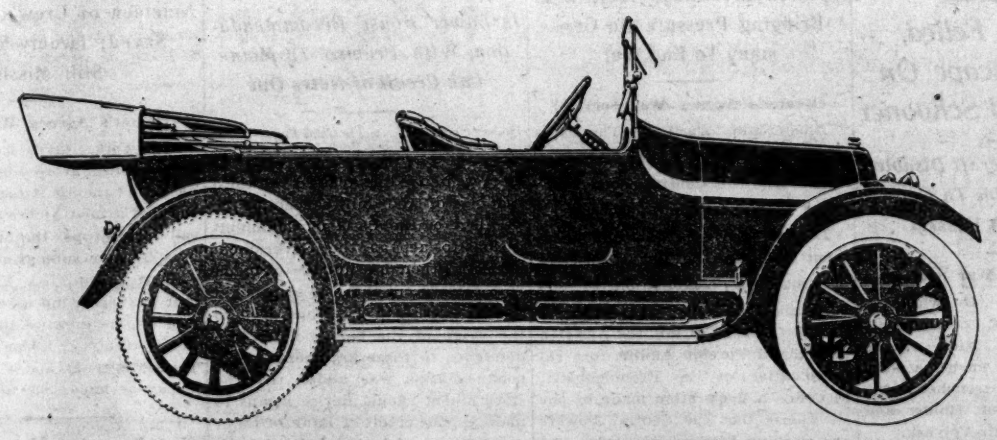

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KOBE EXPORTS TO U.S. DOUBLED IN A YEAR

Japanese Port Sent $33,906,413 Worth of Goods to America In 1916

Washington, February 24.—The total value of imports into the United States from Kobe, Japan for 1916 more than doubled that for 1915. The value of articles invoiced at the American Consulate at Kobe for the United States during 1916 was $33,906,413, as compared with $16,889,827 for 1915, an increase of $17,016,586.

In the following table of the principal articels invoiced, prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Demestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, nearly every item shows a considerable gain, and in some instances the values are more than double.

Articles.	1915. Value. $	1916. Value. $
Antimony ore.	1,751,969	1,820,814
Beans and peas.	156,602	1,081,936
Braids:		
Chip and straw	419,669	928,896
Hemp	752,431	766,096
Bronze, powder.	—	226,477
Brushes	547,963	1,301,600
Buttons	290,191	864,520
Camphor gum	454,016	1,100,694
Catgut	91,883	122,306
Copper	431,694	1,072,542
Eggs, yolk and albumen	—	264,736
Hats: Paper, Panama, straw, rush, &c.	959,542	2,131,030
Matches	94,523	360,584
Matting and mats	808,554	1,378,038
Menthol crystals.	316,496	239,894
Oils:		
Camphor oil		
waste	119,686	154,348
Castor	—	108,545
Cocoanut	24,496	213,412
Cottonseed	4,177	189,680
Fish	13,714	416,510
Peanut	—	609,566
Rapeseed	54,820	267,738
Soya Bean	531,047	3,980,589
Porcelain and earthenware	145,737	296,779
Rice	985,179	828,773
Rugs, of rag and jute	45,807	164,461
Toys	162,693	398,058
Tea	631,405	561,997
Wood mirs.:		
Baskets	196,408	323,764

250 at Farewell Lunch to Ransom

(Continued from Page 1)

get-better acquainted, pull-together luncheon in which all the American men's organisations in Shanghai have joined, and it is also a farewell luncheon to Dr. Ransom. Its success emphasises the fact that the American community is not only growing, but growing in the right direction—toward unity and harmonious procedure. I have to thank you all for the interest manifested. Shanghai contains many varied American interests and views, however—from St. John's and Back o' Beyond, eleven or twelve miles to the Baptist College beyond the Point. All may not agree on any one particular proposition, but the number that will 'agree to agree' is certainly increasing.

"With this getting together of the various organisations there arises the desirability of a common meeting place, and this thought not only contemplates American men's organisations but also those so successfully conducted by the American women of Shanghai. A suitable, permanent meeting place could not only be used for business and social assemblages but also for such other purposes as may ultimately become desirable. In arranging for this luncheon I have communicated with and received the prompt and cordial co-operation of the various men's organisations, and the assistance of a representative from each American organisation of Shanghai may be utilised to helpful advantage in the future as circumstances require. On some other occasion we may have just such another gathering, not very often, say once a month as the circumstances govern."

Calling on Dr. Ransom, the toast master said "You all know Dr. Ransom——"

That was the signal for loud and prolonged cheering and after this had subsided:—

The Consul-General—"Enough has been said—— Dr. Ransom."

Dr. Ransom, who on rising was greeted with another round of cheers, said:—

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen: The grossest egotism on my part could not have led me to anticipate a gathering of this size in my honor upon the occasion of my going home for a brief leave. I heed not tell you how much I appreciate this gathering and how much pleasure it gives me to look round this room at this very large assembly and to see so many of the faces I remember among my friends.

"What the Consul-General has done to get together this body of Americans is an evidence not only of his good will to me but also of his persuasive qualities and his leadership of this community in being able to draw such a large number of American men together.

"There is not very much for me to say in regard to my trip home. I will take with me as one of the most valuable memories of my existence the memory of this occasion. It is probably vouchsafed to very few men in Shanghai to be thus honored. The get-together spirit Mr. Sammons has spoken of is one that has been developing in Shanghai by degrees for probably two or three years. It has evidenced itself more definitely and taken more definite shape during last year than at any previous time. We have seen the various American associations growing numerically and seen most cordial co-operation and a get-together spirit evinced by the various organisations towards each other and among Americans in general. Co-ordination, co-operation, organisation is the thing that we Americans must strike for and accomplish if we intend to maintain our place in the world. And that applies not only to citizens of the United States in Shanghai but to citizens of the United States at home. These latter should be urged by representatives, correspondents and friends here to look to the East and give us their material and moral support.

"I wish to thank you all for coming to this tiffin which Mr. Sammons has got together in my honor and to emphasise again the very deep feelings I have for him. It is impossible for me to express adequately what I feel but I trust you will pardon my lack of rhetoric and rather halting expressions and remember that they are the result of embarrassment at being brought face to face with such a large congregation of Americans."

Consul General Sammons called on First Sergeant Olsen, of the American Co., S.V.C., who said the Company took the opportunity thus afforded them of saying good-bye to Capt. Ransom and of thanking him for the good work he had done for the company. They also thanked him for the kind interest he had shown in each and every member of the company and the energy he had put into his work. It was due to Capt. Ransom that the membership of the Company had increased from 75 to over 100 men. More importan still, he was chiefly responsible for the high efficiency of the company. They were glad of the chance of assuring Capt. Ransom of their gratitude and high regard and desired to present him with a little souvenir of the occasion.

First-Sgt. Olsen then handed the guest of honor a handsome traveling case and—the American Co., S.V.C., at attention—three cheers were given for Capt. Ransom.

Dr. Ransom said the Consul-General would permit him to say how much he appreciated the testimonial from the American Co. The American Co. was the first American organisation with which he had to do in Shanghai and it was fair to say that it lay more in his affection than any of the other organ sations. Every man, every N.C.O., and every officer in the company he regarded as his personal friend. First-Sgt. Olsen was one of the most energetic members of the Company but the Company's success was due to all for giving their cordial support. He thanked the members of the American Co., S.V.C. and First-Sgt. Olsen, as spokesman, for this testimonial.

General Carr, "the man who put the Bull in Durham," gave a stirring address, with a few words of advice to the younger generation. He elicited cheers with his opening:—

I am from the Land of the Long Leaf pine.

From the Summer Land where the sun doth shine,

Where the weak grow strong, and the strong grow great,

I am from North Carolina, the old Tar Heel State.

He had, he said, lost his heart to China. China was a great country and the Chinese were a great people. They were met that day—Americans in all lines of life who were out here to teach the Chinese by precept and example. He would carry back to his beloved America very beautiful memories of China.

General Carr then continued:—

"Sir Robert Bruce and Lord Douglas were making a crusade to the Holy Land, when Sir Bruce was stricken by a fatal fever. As he lay dying, he called Lord Douglas to his side, and exacted the promise that he would bury his heart in the Holy Land.

"Lord Douglas, to perform his promise, had the heart of Sir Bruce incased in a silver casket, which he wore around his neck, suspended by a silver cord.

"So shall I carry to my home my great love for China, beating genuinely in this 72 year old heart of mine."

Judge Lobingier, called on to introduce Mr. Platt, said they ought not to miss the opportunity of drawing attention to the fact that in addition to the occasion being a tribute to Dr. Ransom and the opportunities they had of listening to distinguished Americans from the home country this gathering of Americans on short notice was a testimonial to the great fact of American expansion in China. It showed that at last the people at home were awakening to the possibilities awaiting them in commerce in this country and that not all of them had failed to take advantage of the psychological moment in American trade in the Far East. When the time came and the expansion took place there was one profession which could not be dispensed with. The presence of the gentleman he was to introduce was an evidence of the ind sensability of the legal profession for Mr. Platt had his part in the expansion of American interests and the progress of American commerce in the Far East and so in that capacity he had great pleasure in introducing him.

Mr. Platt said he brought them fresh greetings from their native country. To Americans in Shanghai to whom this was a beaten path it was hard to realise the impression made on him who had left Chicago on March 10 and, as it seemed, going beyond the end of the earth to find himself here in the midst of America. The impression was as gratifying as it was surprising. They in America who followed the easier path and enjoyed home comforts and safety for the most part realised the tribute they ought to pay and the debt they owed to Shanghai pioneers who were preparing the path their children and children's children would find it easier to follow as a result of the work that was being so well done today.

The Consul-General had asked him to say a word about the method that they had in Chicago found to be most effective to bring about the ends they sought to attain. He had heard complaints, no doubt well founded, that the people at home were not quick enough to respond to the suggestions which came from the outposts. They were undoubtedly at fault at home but there was a sound excuse that the suggestions which came were not unanimous. It was not unknown to have suggestions quite diverse, quite contradictory from Americans abroad in much smaller places than this. They must be content to put individual ideas into the melting pot and come to an harmonious opinion.

American citizens of Shanghai should form some sort of a body to see that this was done. If it were, he could assure them their fellow citizens in America would be more ready to heed, and profit by the suggestions made. He had to thank Shanghai Americans for their hospitality which had been abundant and also for the readiness with which information sought had been accorded. Above all, he thanked them that he could go back and say that Americans in Shanghai were Americans of whom they were and would be proud.

At the end, Mr. C. H. Blake, who had among the guests at his table, a half-dozen of the British employes of the Standard Oil Co., called for three cheers for "Our British Guests."

These were enthusiastically given and the tiffin then concluded.

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Frederick C. Hill

Frederick C. Hill, chief instructor of the Eastern School of Aviation, has offered his services to the U. S. War Department to train men for the Aerial Coast Patrol Corps, now rapidly forming through the aid of the Aero Club of America. Many other aviators are offering their services to the Government, either as instructors or as aviators. The United States Eastern Aeroplane Corporation in a telegram to the War Department offered its factory and aviation school facilities, ending with the statement: "The Government can have anything we have or can provide."

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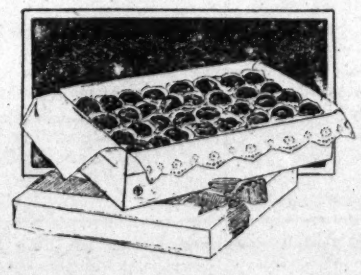

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Recent Fiction

Dodge, Henry Irving. Skinner's Dress Suit. Illustrated. Pp. 165. Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1 (gold). Postage, 12 cents.

One would not suspect a sermon from a book with the above title, but, underneath, a laughable account of how "Dearie Skinner" covers up his failure to get a "raise" by lying to his wife and paying the raise out of his hard-earned bank-account with the terrible consequences of his rashness, become a sermon and a fine one on the text: "Any man who wears clothes like a door-mat will let you make a door-mat of him." On the strength of that "raise" Honey insisted that Dearie buy a dress suit, and then the fun and complications begin, because dress suits presuppose attendant luxuries, and in living up to its demands, Skinner ceased to be a "cage man" and became one of the firm. It is a book full of amusing situations, but there are many grains of common sense in all the fun. It shows very plainly that opportunity and self-respect often rest on the consciousness of being well-dressed.

Dickson, Harris. The House of Luck. Pp. 452. Boston: Small, Maynard and Co. $ 1.35 (gold). Postage 12 cents.

We are all familiar with the Mississippi River gamblers, but this story is woven around a less familiar theme: the organisation of gamblers and unprincipled adventurers, known as "speculators," of the "lower Mississippi of the thirties," whose leader planned a slave insurrection, a pillage of the entire South, and a flight to Mexico with all the booty. The "House of Luck," or the "Kangaroo," was the notorious meeting-place of these conspirators, and around this most of the story's action centers. Mr. Dickson claims that his narrative is "a faithful portrayal of hurly-burly days through our great South-west, in the days when laws were feeble and men were strong." The love-story of Adrien de Valence and Cecife Kinlock is closely interwoven with the dramatic pursuit of the murderous gang, the foiling of their nefarious designs, and the recovery of the box of treasures which had been stolen from Adrien's father. Tragic and dramatic scenes, follow one another, growing more and more involved and brutal. The hero goes through some very dangerous experiences. There are almost too many thrills. The story is a little too long-drawn-out, but the reader will follow with interest the complications furnished by the inconsequent appearance of the witless "Will of the Woods," who perceptibly influences the happy and satisfactory outcome.

London, Jack. The Turtles of Tasman. Pp. 265. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25 (gold). Postage, 12 cents.

Mr. London's new volume is a collection of eight short stories, which portray widely different characters and touch emotions from grave to gay. Mr. London is at his best in tales of virile men and wild out-of-door life, especially the life of the extreme North and West. Readers will find something appealing in these stories. The title is taken from the first and is followed by "The Eternity of Forms," "Told in the Drooling Ward," "The Hobo and the Fairy," "The Prodigal Father," "The First Poet," "Finis," and "The End of the Story." The Turtles of Tasman" is the most ambitious of all, and presents a psychological problem as to which is better: to stay at home, following convention, duty, and commercial gain, or to wander over the world acquiring a fund of adventurous memories and friends, but no fortune. Illustrative of this theme are presented two brothers. Mr. London makes the wanderer much more attractive than the man of conventions, but we wonder what would have happened if there had been no stay-at-home brother from whom to borrow, and to whose home to come when all had failed. "The End of the Story" is also dramatic and subtle, while the "Prodigal Father" furnishes comedy and "Told in the Drooling Ward" gives fun of a pathetic kind.

Ward, Mrs. Humphry. Lady Connie. Pp. 434. New York: Hearst's International Library Company. $1.50 (gold) Postage 12 cents.

There is nothing new or startling in Mrs. Ward's new novel, either in plot or treatment, but there are that perfection of technique and completeness of detail which make her books so satisfactory to read. Whether or not her characters are lovable, they seem a vital part of the story and move in and out of its pages with convincing smoothness. It is a simple plot of love, jealousy, and final regeneration, but the episodes, experiences, and dramatic situations are handled with skill. When Lady Constance Bledlow came to her uncle's house in Oxford to spend a year, she found misunderstandings which she did not attempt to dispel not being especially drawn to her aunt or her cousins Alice or Nora, but, by virtue of her personality and wealth, she had the masculine world at her feet and soon made friends with Nora. Among her adorers were Otto Radowitz, a Polish musician, and the arrogant but fascinating Douglas Falloden. When, in a fit of jealousy, Falloden joins drunken students who are "ragging" Otto, the young Pole's hand is hopelessly injured and the story becomes serious and tragic. The joint responsibility for the terrible accident and the attempt on all sides to alleviate the young musician's suffering, both mental and physical, bring out all the latent goodness and strength in Falloden. The overhanging clouds are finally driven away. It is too bad that Nora Hooper does not figure more prominently in the story, she is such an honest, stanch, and lovable character, as she fights to pay the family debts and keep their honor unsullied. Mrs. Ward has drawn a clear picture of university life.

Martin George Madden. Emmy Lou's Road to Grace. Pp. 305. New York and London: D. Appleton & Co. $1.30. (gold) Postage 12 cents.

Emmy Lou was originally created by Mrs. Martin to illustrate the child, as affected by a prevailing stupidity in public schools. The new Emmy Lou, supposed to be the same kind of little girl, illustrates the bewilderment of a small child under the inflence of parents, relatives, and teachers, and her failure to grasp the connection between ethics and facts, the ideal and the real. The book is interesting, sometime humorous, sometimes pathetic as Emmy Lou struggles to understand why "Christianity" excludes from the Sunday-school, little black "sister" and neighbor "Israel." There are a series of chapters in which different phases of Emmy Lou's development are chronicled. Each is mildly amusing and really seriously significent. If we may venture to criticize, we should say that Mrs. Martin's points are too subtle and intellectual, even psychical, to make this a child's book. The problems are too simple to appeal to the general reader, though teachers and parents might be awakened to a reasonable recognition of the limited power of the child mind.

Tarbell, Ida M. New Ideals in Business. An Account of Their Practise and Their Effects upon Men and Profits. Pp. 349. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.75. (gold) Postage, 12 cents.

Will ideals in business pay? This book answers that question. Its affirmative evidence is convincing. Such evidence Miss Tarbell found in four years of personal observation at industrial centers, studying "a silent revolution," as she terms it, in the relations of employer and employed, in the producing methods whereby capital seeks to better itself and assure greater result through the capitalization of manhood. Her pages are good reading for any pessimist. They show how scientific organisation may protect labor, conserve life, lessen hours of toil, and increase profits. They contradict many old false notions—as, for instance: "There never was a more foundationless tradition," says Miss Tarbell in her chapter on "Experiments in Justice," "than that workingmen and women do not respond to efforts to make the conditions under which they labor more wholesome, decent, and just." She looks as much, perhaps, to the effects of new ideals upon the employer as to their effects on the employed, for she says they "are making a new man of the employer. He is discovering not only that his business may be handled in a scientific way, which hitherto he has denied, but that business so handled is far more interesting, as it is far more profitable."

Brann, W. C. A Collection of the Writings of W. C. Brann. In two volumes. With biography by J. D. Shaw. Each vol. pp. 464. Waco, Texas: Herz Brothers. The two volumes, in cloth, $3.50, (gold) delivered.

The author of these "Writings" (now before the public for many years, and a new printing of which has recently appeared) liked to be known as "Brann the Iconoclast," and such he is pronounced at the head of every page of the twin volumes. Of himself he says, on page 178 of Vol. I, in an address on "Beauty and the Beast," delivered before the Ladies' Reading Club of San Antonio: "I have been frequently called an iconoclast, and, bad as the title is popularly supposed to be, I trust it is not altogether undeserved. I have striven to break foolish idols and shatter false ideals, to hurl unclean gods from their pedestals in the public pantheon. A work of destruction is not, I admit, of a high order. Anybody may destroy; it requires genius to build up." He started a periodical, *Brann's Iconoclast*, twice—the second time at Waco in 1894—and made it finally a finacial success. He struck at everything, in its columns until an assassin shot him down. "The wizard of words," he was declared by Elbert Hubbard, who spoke of his life's end as "fitting and pottic—a life that was ever at white heat, a life that burnt its way through the years, leaving behind a blazed trail—but one strewn with wreckage."

'TWILIGHT IN ITALY'

It is no new thing for writers of a certain sort to discuss every human interest in terms chiefly of sex; the present fashion is to set all to the tune of the sex war, sex hostility, sex struggle. D. H. Lawrence is fully in the fleshly mode, and in addition is much given to what B. W. Huebsch, publisher of "Twilight in Italy," calls "subtle, insidious probing into the souls of men."

Now that Italy has gloriously come out of whatever darkness there may have been, or have been charged against her, into full sunlight, many readers would appreciate soul studies of a less metaphysical cast. But Mr. Lawrence knows his Italy and there is in his little volume much keen and close observation. The literary style of his little sketches by the wayside is almost the perfection of hard, close, finely wrought composition.

A WAVE AND HIS LADY LOVE

It is well to hitch your literary wagon to a star, but a long rope is convenient if you are to traverse the earth.

Algernon Blackwood illustrates this fact in "The Wave" (E. P. Dutton & Co.), the latest of his marvellous studies in allusive writing. All his young life the hero is haunted by the vision of a wave, which shall almost, not quite, overwhelm him, and in whose curling shape he shall see the forms and faintly shining eyes of his lady love and his rival. Which happens.

The characters move in soul phases rather than walk the earth. They swim in mystic states of being Hovering always between expression and suggestion is the thought that the same three-cornered situation has happened before to the same persons, in the same scene, by the ageless Nile.

Sure enough it is that in Egypt the lovers become different persons. The man neglects his work and loses his job; the lady first outrageously like another Cleopatra with a rather small potatoes Antony. But it all comes out right. And the reader of such beautiful pages need be in no mood to complain that a wave so skilfully built up to and prepared for proves when it comes—must prove, in fact—something of an anti-climax.

BOOK OF PIRATE BRIDGE

The youngest offspring of the great whist family springs into literature with the publication of "Foster's Pirate Bridge" (E P. Dutton & Co.), the work of that R. F. Foster who has long been an established authority on matters of the social card table.

Pirate bridge is the original conception of Aleister Crowley, according to Mr. Foster. Mr. Crowley is an English writer and traveller, and the idea prompting him was to modify the principles of auction bridge, in which everybody gets a chance to make the trump, by arranging that the trump maker should have the opportunity to pick the partner most likely to support his play. A game framed to meet this particular was brought in November, 1916, to the attention of the Knickerbocker Whist Club, and since that date it has been played, at least experimentally, at many tables. It is still on trial, having had no definite official acceptance in the higher courts of auction.

Mr. Foster's book describes the new game completely, gives pattern plays and offers unofficially a code of rules. It seems to be agreed that pirate is superior to the ordinary auction as a gambler's game because it enables an individual to win from three players instead of having to share his winning with a constant partner.

PLAYS BY MARY S. WATTS

In her new book, "Three Short Plays" (Macmillians), Mary S. Watts travels about as far as pen can take her from the literary mark set up in her most famous novel, "Nathan Burke." The plays themselves, too, differ widely from each other.

"An Ancient Dance," with a country mansion on Long Island for its setting, brings in the triangle situation—that of the husband, the wife and the lady's former lover—and concludes with a tragedy when, in the midst of rehearsal for amateur dramatics, a telltale phonograph opens the husband's understanding.

"Civilization" is a social satire placed on the California estate of a New York millionaire. In its single act we see a smart set circle busy with cards, gossip, cigarettes for women and a shift in matrimonial partners, while an honest man is unmade in love by the clothes he wears.

"The Wearin' o' the Green" is pure farce, and its point lies in the confusion of a real plumber and a real burglar with the guests at a fancy dress party.

There are dramatic elements in Mrs. Watts's plays, and the author's attention to stage directions is no more careful and comprehensive than Bernard Shaw's. It is true, nevertheless, that the strongest quality in each of them is the story that is told.

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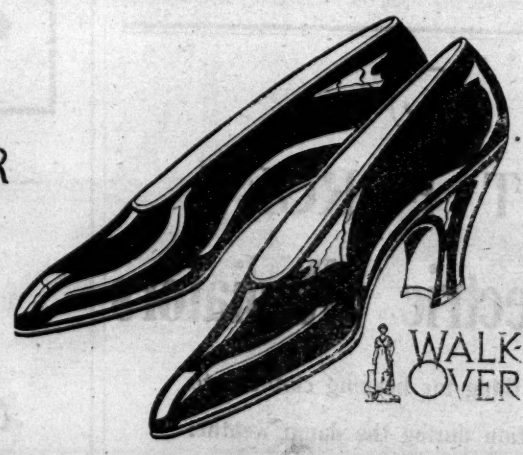

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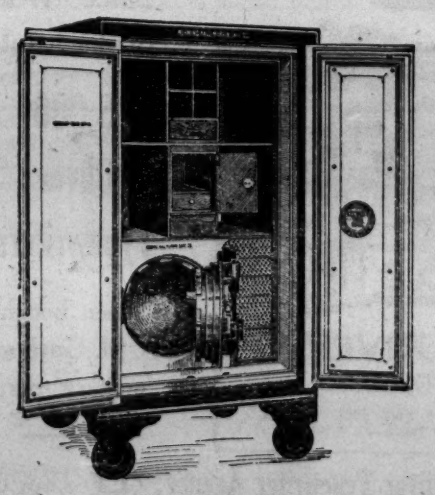

CHINESE PRESS REPORTS

The National Herald reports:—In observance of the opening of Parliament April 8, President Li Yuan-hung will fete all members of the Upper and Lower Houses.

The Sin Wan Pao reports:—Upon instruction of the Dutch Consul General at Shanghai, the German firm of Arnold, Karberg and Company has handed over to the local authorities all their arms and munitions. A list of the articles was sent to the Sungkiang and Shanghai Provisional Investigation Bureau in the Office of the Kiangsu Commissioner for Foreign Affairs. Messrs. S. K. Chen and W. H. Tsiang, of the bureau, have issued a receipt for the surrendered goods, which have been sent to the quarters of the Defence Commissioner for safe keeping.

A libel suit has been filed by Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang against the Chung Yuen Daily News, Peking. The paper published on March 27 an article entitled "Feng Kuo-chang's dream of the presidential chair." In an open message to the Chinese press, the Vice-President says that he has been always considerate over the press reports about himself, but he could stand only comments directed to his action in governmental affairs and not those that abuse his name for personal reasons.

The Sin Wan Pao reports:—Director Hsu Ung-yuen of the Bank of China proposes to tranfer to his bank the Tls. 5,000,000 of the capital of the Deutsche Asiatische Bank that belong to the Chinese salt merchants. Most of the merchants consider the transfer undesiraole.

The Shanghai branch of the Chinese Medical Association has been formally established. The following are officers of the society for the coming year: President, Dr. Dong Nan-an; Secretary, Dr. J. C. Tsang and Treasurer, Dr. J. D. Chang. The organisation will have its headquarters at 34 Nanking Road.

The first anniversary of the Shanghai Public Hospital in Nantao will take place April 8. Dr. Wang Che-chang, director of the institute, has extended invitations to all the local military and civil authorities and the gentry to attend the function.

The Sin Wan Pao reports: The proposal to erect a statue of John Hay, the late American State Secretary, by Senator Liu Shen, has been placed in the hands of a special committee after a heated debate. Those who were not in favor of the proposal asked why an American statesman should have a statue in advance of many Chinese who deserved the honor.

The agreement between the Chinese government and the Standard Oil Company of New York to exploit the Yenchang oil field, Shansi, has been cancelled, according to the Sin Wan Pao. It is proposed to open up the wells with Chinese capital. The matter has been referred to the ministries of Finance and Agriculture and Commerce.

BRITISH NEED MEN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—The Press Bureau announces that Mr. Arthur Henderson, presiding at a conference on the trade card scheme, said that, in view of the army's need, it would be necessary to release a large number of men employed in the manufacture of munitions. He foreshadowed a new system, by means of which indispensable men would not be disturbed in their employment.

BOXING SEMI-FINALS LAST NIGHT A FIASCO

Many of the Men Entered Fail To Appear; Neergaard Scores a Win

A spirited contest between two plucky little nippers, aetat 12; an equally interesting three rounds between two youths of 14 and 15; and a farcical one-round "exhibition" by two men known locally as boxers, was all that the large number of enthusiastic devotees of the noble art—among whom were several ladies—witnessed at Chang Su Ho's Garden last night, when the Semi-Finals of the Boxing Tournament, in aid of the American Ambulance in Paris, were supposed to be brought off.

According to the program arranged, there should have been eight bouts, including the two between the school boys. Of the seniors, however, only five men out of ten turned up at the hall—Rozarin, who should have fought the absent Remedios, Lewis Morris (with a hurt hand), who was matched against Encarnacao, Corbett, who was billed to meet Marsh, and Noodt and Neergaard.

For all the sportsmanship displayed in the one round between the two last-mentioned men, it might just as well not have been pulled off. They were stopped by the referee during the first half-minute for continually hitting with open hands, and subsequently Neergaard had it all his own way, for Noodt, apparently having entered for a beauty contest elsewhere, was so desirous of preserving his features undamaged, that his gloves were utilized for the sole purpose of hiding his face from public view. Neergaard got the decision.

Of the other sportsmen who had promised to take part but did not put in an appearance, the less said the better. They may have some explanation, but that explanation was not forthcoming at the proper time and place.

The first two bouts, between E. Peterson (80 lbs., 12 years) and J. Johansson (75 lbs., 12 years); and T. Mellows (113 lbs., 15 years) and R. Baring (121 lbs., 14 years) were the redeeming events of the evening. The youngsters were evenly matched, and the judges' decision of a draw in each case met with public approval.

Mr. G. F. Ashley announced that the proceeds of the Tournament were to be devoted to the American Ambulance in Paris. The donations of those who did not approve of this method of disposing of the money would be given to the American Red Cross.

Mr. D. D. L. McGrew described at some length the work of the American Ambulance in Paris, with which he was connected. They have a hospital and a large number of ambulances. In all there are 300 cars (all Fords), manned by volunteers. Since work first started, over 4,000 wounded have been cared for. Out of the 600 men connected with the Ambulance, only three had been killed at the time he left; 69 had been decorated by the French Government. There are now nine sections in the field, but five more are forming. Mr. McGrew made the suggestion that one of the ambulances at the front should bear on its brass plate: "A gift from Americans in Shanghai."

When Mr. J. D. Rodger appeared in the ring, nobody thought it would result in an announcement that the evening's entertainment was already over. He spoke of the difficulty experienced in getting men together and then, having mentioned the names of the absentees, said that those who wished could have their money back or else receive a free ticket for the finals.

The officials were as follows: Judges, Captain H. E. Morton and Dr. N. L. Downs; referee, Captain F. Davies and timekeeper, Mr. S. J. Deeks.

Gallops of the Ponies in Training for Spring Race Meet

Wednesday, April 4, 1917

Pony.	Rider	¼ mile	½ mile	¾ mile	1 mile	1¼ miles	1½ miles	1¾ miles	2 miles	Last quarter.
Goodwood	boy	44	1.25	1.59.2	2.31.1			..	..	31.4
Upwood Park	boy	45.3	1.23.2	1.55.2				..	..	32
Standard Dahlia	boy	40	1.19	1.57	2.31	3.01.1		..	..	30.1
The Nipper	boy	43.3	1.22	1.53.3				..	..	31.3
Mush	boy	45.3	1.28	2.05	(last ¾ of 1)			..	..	37
Golden Oriole	WH	34.2	1.12.2	1.53	2.30.3	3.01.2	3.32	..	..	30.3
Capercailzie	HEA						3.32	..	..	30.3
Cossack	boy	38.2	1.13.1	1.45				..	..	32
Rosewood	JIE	42.3	1.19.4	1.53.1	2.23.3			..	..	30.2
Haywood	boy	38.2	1.14	1.49.3	2.22.3			..	..	*33
Concession	boy	37.3	1.17.3	1.53	2.26.1	2.57.2		..	..	31.1
Fresco	boy	37	1.11.3	1.45	2.16.2			..	..	31.2
Chestnut	boy	40	1.20	1.59	2.40	3.20	3.56.3	4.28	..	31.2
The Recruit	boy	40	1.20.2	1.58	2.31.2	3.02.3		..	..	31.1
Black Diamond	JJ	39.3	1.13.1	1.47.3	2.21.1	2.52		..	..	30.4
Lucky Star	WH	31.2	1.07.2	1.42.4	2.16	2.46.3		..	..	30.3
Rushlight	NEM	38.2	1.14.1	1.48.1	2.21.2	2.53.3		..	..	32.1
Fanlight	SAS					2.54.3		..	..	33.1
Kronborg	GW	37.4	1.15.2	1.53	2.29	3.02.3		..	..	33.3
Brahmapootra	boy	36	1.12.3	1.47.1	2.19.1	2.50.2	(last 1¼ of 1½		..	31.1
Diala	JPH					2.50.2	whole time 3.27)		..	31.1
Reims	boy	36.3	1.13.4	1.50.1	2.24.3	2.55.4		..	..	31.1
Winsome Dahlia	boy	41.4	1.19.1	1.53.2	2.24.2			..	..	31
Harlequin	JJ	38	1.17	1.55.2	2.30	3.01		..	..	31
The Kangani	boy	39.4	1.19.2	—	2.27	2.59.4		..	..	32.4
Shirley	RMD	44.4	1.23.1	2.00.3	2.41	3.14.4	3.47.1	4.19.3	..	32.2
Oriole	WH	39.4	1.21.2	1.58.2	2.30.1	3.00.3		..	..	30.2
Glodshans	GW	42.2	1.30	2.09.3	2.49.3	3.28		..	..	38.2
Fairy Light	NEM	39.2	1.17.2	1.53.4	2.27.3	2.57.4		..	..	30.1
Sky Light	SAS					2.58.2		..	..	30.4
Springie	JJ	42	1.24.1	2.05.1	2.40.3	3.17.3		..	..	37
Golden Horn	boy	37.1	1.12.4	1.48.3	2.23.4	2.56.2	3.27.4	..	..	31.2
Zuider Zee	JPH	37.2	1.16.4	1.54.2	2.27.2	2.59		..	..	31.3
Hunter	ET	37	1.12	1.45.3	2.17.4	2.52.4		..	..	35
Silversand	boy	40.2	1.22.2	2.04	2.41	3.11		..	..	30
Morningside	boy	38	1.15.2	1.50.2	2.20.2			..	..	30
Grey Goose	RMD	39.3	1.15.4	1.47.1	2.17.4			..	..	30.3
Archibald	HSL	40	1.21	2.00	2.36	3.09		..	..	33
Perfume	boy	37.3	1.12.3	1.54.4	2.19.2	2.56		..	..	36.3
Beaconlight	NEM	—	1.20	1.53.3	2.24.4	2.57.1		..	..	32.2
Gladiator	boy	37.2	1.14.3	1.49.3	2.25	2.58.2		..	..	33.2
Nirvana	JPH	37.3	1.12.3	1.45.1	2.15			..	..	29.4
Lights Out	JJ	39.3	1.19.2	1.57.2	2.34.1	3.08.2		..	..	34.1
Vivat	boy	42.2	1.12.3	1.59.3	2.28.1			..	..	28.3
Father Xmas	JPH	38.3	1.17.4	1.55	2.30.3	3.02.2		..	..	32
Big Ben	RMD	36.1	1.15	1.52.4	2.27.3	2.59		..	..	31.2
Hawthorn	boy	40	1.17	1.52.3	2.24			..	..	31.2
Darlington	boy	40	1.23	2.02	2.39.4	3.11		..	..	31.1
Valleyfield	HEM	35	1.17.1	1.56.4	2.34	3.10		..	..	36
Malcolm	boy	36.2	1.09.3	1.41.2		(last ¾ of 1 mile)		..	..	31.4

*Grass Course.

Training Notes

Yesterday morning's galloping opened with a good sun rise with every indication of a continuance of the prevailing fine weather and parched courses. The want of rain is every day becoming more apparent and the knowing owners are content with slow work rather than flash gallops and lame ponies before the races.

Judging from the time chart and the riders mentioned, owners are rather wary of intrusting their ponies to the younger jockeys and therefore prefer sending them out with "boys" up. The attendance at the rails was more than fair.

S. V. C. Orders

Corps Order by Major T. E. Trueman, Commandant: S. V. C. Headquarters, Town Hall, Shanghai, April 4, 1917.

No. 18.—Easter Holidays: The Headquarters offices will be closed for the Easter Holidays on April 6, 7 and 9.

No. 19.—Summer Uniform: Summer Uniform will be taken into use on and after May 15, 1917.

O. C. Units will order the members of their units to get measured at once.

Olympic Variety Evening

Professor Papini, leader of the Astor House orchestra and Professor Montes, the dancing master, have got together a very strong company for the variety entertainment to be given in the redecorated Olympic Theater on April 18. A new turn to Shanghai will be Madam Syria, a classical dancer said to be exceedingly clever and with a stage wardrobe which alone is worth seeing.

Then there is Mr. Arther Cody, the wonder of the Carlton orchestra. He is a master of so many instruments that though he does manage to play half-a-dozen at a time—or it may be more—there are many Shanghai has not yet heard him on. Mr. Cody this time will specialise on the one-string violin and also give selections on other novelty instruments, assisted by Mr. Raynes.

Other artists participating will be Mrs. Isherwood, Mr. M. Silas, Mr. W. J. Haynes, Mr. Carpi, the equilibrist, members of Professor Papini's orchestra and, of course, himself. Professor Montes promises a turn which should be vastly amusing. Dressed as a girl and with Mr. Apys for his partner, he will demonstrate how the modern maid worships Terpsichore.

President Li to Visit South Sea Islands

President Li Yuan-hung has announced that he will take a trip to the South Sea Islands upon the expiration of his term of office. He had an audience with ten representatives from the islands recently. President Li also expressed his appreciation of the loyalty shown to the government by these overseas citizens.

The delegation was presented by President Lu Chow-peh of the Associated General Chambers of Commerce. The chief executive questioned each and every delegate as to the industrial, educational and social life of the islanders as well as the efficiency of Chinese diplomatic and consular services there. He will appoint a date when the representatives will be given a sight-seeing tour round San-hai.

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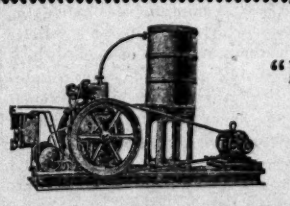

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WEATHER

Fine and warm weather, with variable and moderate breezes in our regions.

DEATH

CAMERON. At his home in St. Louis, Missouri, U. S. A., March 31, 1917, after two days illness, Mr. Colin Cameron, aged 85 years, 9 months, 11 days. Father of Mrs. Edgar E. Strother, General Secretary, United Society of Christian Endeavor for China. By cable. 13363

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, APRIL 5, 1917

America in the War

BY the time this is read this morning the United States and Germany will be at war. The flood of righteous and patriotic indignation in Congress which had been pent up for several years by the necessary observance of neutrality was let loose by the President's eloquent appeal, and as by the breaking of an over-full dam it burst forth and swept away all doubts.

The resolution declaring that "a state of war is existing" has had the approval of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate and it has been introduced in both houses. An overwhelming majority vote in favor of its adoption is assured.

By this vote the armed forces of the United States will join those of the Entente which for two years and eight months have been hammering at the great German machine. That is to say, America and Germany from today will be at war with each other officially and openly. They have been at war unofficially for several years but during that period all the fighting between them has been done by the Germans.

It has been of a sneaking and surreptitious character, but it has been war just the same. It has consisted of dishonorable and unfriendly acts secretly done. We have only to recall the plots and conspiracies in America, the attacks on American manufacturing plants involving destruction of American lives and property, paid for by German Government money, as has been proved in American courts of law, in order to make clear what we mean. Besides this indictment there is the wellnigh endless list of intrigues in Mexico, Cuba, San Domingo, Japan and South America, the crimes against Americans at sea, not only men, but helpless women and children, smirkingly disavowed, softly apologised for, only to be repeated.

The German Government's record of falsehood and treachery, and broken promises and torn up treaties is such, indeed, that if the German people are ever again to walk about among men with their heads up, they must themselves denounce it and do away with it and take the task of goveraing themselves into their own hands. That, we believe, is their only hope.

The war between the United States and Germany thus far, as we have said, has been waged by Germany. From now on, however, the United States will have a hand in it.

President Wilson's long and patient reasoning with the German Government has earned for him the reward which he so thoroughly deserves, the united and devoted support of his countrymen. A study of the fairly full report of his Address which Reuter's has brought indicates that the President in his own mind has found Germany guilty of having started the great war in Europe. That apparently is his judgment, announced at the first moment he was able to announce it. It is worth while adding that, according to Reuter's, his Address has been hailed by the American press, irrespective of party affiliations, as a complete expression of the ideals of the nation.

American Financial Preparedness

(Japan Advertiser)

Following shortly after the outbreak of the war there were two quotations from annuncements made in England which left indelible impressions. One was made by Lord Kitchener as to the duration of the war; the other was made by the Prime Minister, the Rt. Hon. H. H. Asquith to the effect that the last hundred million pounds would prove the deciding factor.

It has been often discussed in what manner the entrance of the United States in favor of the Allies would be most effective. The answer comes broadly in the statement that no nation at any time has been in a better position to undertake the financing of a costly war than is the United States at the present time. Nor is this due only to the rapid development of the country's wealth since the commencement of the war, notwithstanding that this has shown a phenomenal increase during that period.

The interest bearing debt of the United States is smaller now—and was before the outbreak of the war—than that of any of the larger nations. It amounts to $971,562,590. According to the latest reports of the Secretary of the Treasury the interest charges on this indebtedness are $23,084,635 per annum, making the average cost of carrying the debt 2.36 per cent. Less than twenty years ago the per capita charge was nearly double the present amount. The annual interest charge per capita is figured out at twenty-two and a half cents—a nominal amount in comparison to the earning power in the United States.

The national debt of the United States even prior to the war was less than one third of Great Britain's national debt and less than one sixth of that of France, while the population of the United States is larger by 15,000,000 than the combined populations of England and France. The debt of the United States is considerably less than that of Japan with double the population and with the average earning of the individual many-fold greater. It is estimated that the average earning power of every man, woman and child in the United States is in excess of $300 gold. If each person contributed but one week's earnings, namely $6, it would be possible to have an annual interest charge of $612,000,000, or a national debt of over $20,000,000,000, without any great strain upon individuals. It is fairly safe to say that the country is in a position to quickly supply the Government, if need be, with as much as $5,000,000,000.

The problem has not excited much comment in the United States because the country is now equipped with modern banking institutions, with a comprehensive banking system which permits of elasticity of currency in times of need. These banks could issue notes immediately to the amount of an additional $1,000,000,000 under their present standing and in accordance with legal requirements. At present the outstanding note issue of the Federal Reserve Banks is less than $300,000,000, of which only $12,000,000 is covered by commercial paper. The balance of the issue is covered by gold, dollar for dollar. In fact the gold held by the Federal Reserve Banks totals in excess of $800,000,000. Under the law the Federal Reserve Board has power to compel one reserve bank to rediscount for another. It also has authority to temporarily suspend or modify the reserve requirements of member banks. Such measures were made possible so as to provide for emergencies. They have never been used and it may not be necessary to use them now.

It is certain, however, that the United States can be of inestimable benefit and assistance to the Allies because of her industrial organisation and financial resources, entirely apart from the military or naval assistance that could rendered. In another column we publish some comparative figures which show the financial development in the United States since 1898. Should the United States go to war no doubt a considerable proportion would be devoted to the covering of expenses attendant thereon in the country itself, but a more liberal amount than has already gone abroad would also be necessary and would be forthcoming.

It is not our intention to go into balance of trade figures or enormous gold holdings in the United States. The fact we wish to emphasize is that the average tax per capita for payment of annual interest charge on the national debt amounts at present to the insignificant total of 22½ cents, and this in a country where the earning capacity of the individual is greater than in any other country. The extent to which this credit can be expanded in case of necessity is a financial factor of immense possibilities.

If America Makes War!

Plans for Munition Production Would Startle Allied Experts —Potential Military Strength Is Staggering

By Edward Marshall in The Daily Express

(Mr. Edward Marshall is the famous London correspondent of American newspapers. He was in the Sussex when she was torpedoed, and wrote a thrilling account of his experience for The Daily Express.)

I am not of those Americans who expect that the new situation will result in any serious internal trouble in the United States. I have no doubt that there may be sporadic outbursts of violence, but they are likely to be merely individual manifestations, and not at all likely to be initiated by pro-Germans. Persons of pro-Ally sympathies are far more likely to originate violence against pro-Germans.

From the first days of the war, the sentiment of thinking Americans has been with Britain, France, and humanity, and I include among thinking Americans many citizens of Teutonic extraction and some of Teutonic birth. Just how large the pro-German element is in the United States no man can even guess with accuracy, but it does not include the whole Teutonic population. But let us assume that it did. What, then, should we find to be the case?

People and Policies

The population of the United States unquestionably at present has reached and well passed the one-hundred million mark, but I am unable in London quickly to obtain figures later than those placing it at 98,200,000. In April, 1910 13,500,000 persons of foreign birth were in the United States. Natives of the nations of the Teutonic alliance were numbered as follows:

Germany	2,501,181
Austria	1,174,924
European Turkey	32,221
Asiatic Turkey	59,702
Bulgaria (about)	5,000

Thus America had among her population about three and three-quarter millions of people native to the countries fighting against the Allies. These figures are under the present facts. This, however, must not be accepted as indicating that only a population less than that of the New York metropolitan district is likely, because of the urge of blood, to be of pronounced Teutonic sympathy in this war. It has been a curious fact of my own observation that from the beginning of the war the offspring of Teutonic parentage has been as pronounced as those of actual German blood in adherence to the Germanic cause.

In the census report of December, 1913, the least wholly reliable statement available, we find that the American population of direct Teutonic origin—that is, either emigrated from the Teutonic countries or the children of those so emigrated—exceeds nine and a quarter millions, or only a little less than the total of actually foreign-born of all races in the country.

Teutonic Tenth

Thus it is not an exaggeration to say that something like a tenth of the total population of the United States has the excuse of blood urge toward sympathy with the Germanic cause in this war.

A comparison between those in America of Teutonic origin, and those in America from the nations of the Allies, or directly sprung from parents who were, may not be without its interest. We find that the native tongues of the foreign white stock in the United States are:

English	10,037,420
Italian	2,151,422
French	1,357,169
Russian	95,137

Thus, while the United States has a foreign-blooded population with presumably Teutonic sympathies amounting to nine and-a-quarter millions, it was a foreign-blood population with presumably Allied sympathies roughly amounting to thirteen-and-a-half millions. From these calculations I have omitted about fifty thousand persons of Belgian birth, and I have counted no Servians, because the only figures at hand group Bulgaria, Servia, and Montenegro, and therefore are of no value. I have let Servians offset Belgians, omitting both.

It would seem that a blood-urge animating but a tenth of the population of the nation might be regarded as of less importance than that which has been assigned to the anti-war population of the United States. This would be true were it not for the fact that the Teutonic population of the nation is particularly powerful in many ways, and that the Germanic Powers have been far cleverer than the Allied countries in presenting their case to, and otherwise influencing, the American people.

There can be little question, incredible as it may seem to most Englishmen, that by the ingenuity of the German propaganda many Americans not of Teutonic origin were for a long time at least confused in their ideas with regard to the rights and wrongs of the great war, and (a point still more difficult to argue with the British people) were quite excusable in their confusion.

British Apathy

Practically no largely organised effort has been made to establish among the American people a real feeling of fellowship with the people of the British Empire, and a hundred things of one kind or another, some large and some small, have tended to provoke indefinite antagonisms.

British school histories either ignore America or politely sneer at it, while American school histories, in some instances unintentionally and in some instances with real bitterness (there have been those who have credited this to great foresight on the part of German-American school-book control), tend to keep alive that hostility toward everything British which began in the days of the Revolutionary War, nearly a century and a half ago, and was intensified in 1812, but which in reason should have died long since.

Thus, in addition to the pro-German feeling which would be quite natural among those of German blood in the United States, it must be admitted that there has been an anti-British feeling which, while not at all justified in fact, or shared by the well-informed and broadminded, has been quite natural to native Americans in number too large to be negligible.

The general lack of an intelligent presentation of the Allied case in the United States, every day, without cessation, constantly reiterated, as the German case has been presented, might have had a distinctly serious result, had it not been for the fact that while the Allies, with a strange indifference, let many months pass without real effort to explain the righteousness of their cause, the Germans missed few opportunities for presenting proof of the viciousness of theirs. In other words, the pro-Ally sentiment in the United States is very much less active, I am sure, than is the anti-German sentiment aroused by the invasion of Belgium, the sinking of the Lusitania, the attack upon the Sussex and hospital ships, and the Servian and other horrors too numerous to list.

I cannot bring myself to believe that, as things stand even in the Middle West, where both pro-German and strictly pacificist sentiment is strong, President Wilson will find any important lack of support for the most drastic measures which he may decide to take against the Central Powers.

The service which the United States might render to the Allied cause, in case war shall be decided upon, would be of great moment. The United States, governmentally organised according to existent plans for the production of munitions, would startle even the best informed among the Allied experts by its magnitude of output and I am confident, would quickly find means of transporting it in spite of the existing ship-shortage and the further campaign of the German submarines, against which I believe the American Naval Consulting Board very quickly, in the event of war, would produce an effective weapon or safeguard.

The potential military strength of the United States is staggering. The most careful estimate at hand places at 20,538,347 the number of able-bodied men between eighteen and forty-four years of age, outside the trained militia.

Naval Power

A movement for national defence began in the States shortly after the war started. It has accomplished much. Among other things, it has secured the endorsement by the people of a programme designed to restore the country to its old place of second in the list of naval Powers.

Most of Germany's submarine ideas were "borrowed" in the States from Simon Lake's yards, but there are other ideas in America of which Germany and the Allies alike are ignorant. For the rapid and efficient construction of submarines to embody those ideas the United States is very favorably circumstanced.

Nor is she less luckily situated with regard to the construction of submarine destroyers. The fastest speed-boats in the world have been built in the United States within twenty-four months, and the ideas of one private builder will be of great advantage if it becomes necessary for the American navy to start submarine-hunting. Nor will speed-boats be America's only defence against the submarine.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison recently permitted me to announce in an interview that he saw no reason why the location of submerged and fully hidden submarines should remain a secret to those in danger of attack from them. Such an announcement from Mr. Edison, the greatest living electrical inventor and the chairman of the United States Naval Consulting Board, is of importance.

All in all, the United States would not be an inefficient member of the partnership determined to punish and curb Germany if she should make application for a share in that honorable task.

German Rule In Warsaw

(An educated Pole belonging to the Government of Warsaw recently arrived in Holland. The Amsterdam Telegraaf publishes the following statement by him as to the conditions of life in Warsaw under German military domination:—)

The Germans have installed themselves in the great Polish city as if they were at home. For some time past there has been a resumption of business in the city, especially in certain Jewish quarters, notably Nalewki, Gesia, and Bielanska Streets. The principal business houses in the center of the city, in the suburb of Cracow and Marszalkowska-Street, are kept by Germans. All industry in the country is dead. The factories are closed, and the machinery of the greater part ot them has been taken down and sent to Germany.

The German authorities have removed the bells from the Orthodox churches, and also from certain Roman Catholic churches. A deputation of the priests one day waited on the Government, begging it to spare the ancient bells, which were precious souvenirs to which the population was greatly attacked. The deputation was received by a high official of the Government, who promised it entire satisfaction. The deputation was greatly surprised to receive some time afterwards a parcel containing the photographs of the bells, which had disappeared, and a letter from the official, in which he said that this was at the moment all that he could do for the Church.

Attempts have been made to seduce us by fallacious promises to enrol in the German armies and factories. Very few have been taken in by these efforts, and those who accepted the German offers have only regretted it. At Warsaw about 1,400 volunteers responded to the German appeal. That was all.

I learn from a good source that the German Government contemplates sending the Russo-Polish prisoners back to Poland on the condition that they will enlist in the Polish Legion. The Germans are also employing propagandist agents for the Legion. They are Poles from Posen with a strong German accent. The population laughs in their faces.

The Polska Partja Socialistyczna (Socialist party of the country) which was lately invited by the German Socialists to a congress, was averse to an actual meeting with the Social Democrats of the Central Powers and from any attempt at *rapproachement*, holding that first and foremost the three Polands must be reunited.

Wholesale Confiscation.

The suspicion of the Labor Party is justified by the mass deportations of workers from Poland, hundreds of thousands of whom are condemned to hard labor without trial. At Praga, the largest suburb of Warsaw, the Polish laborers have refused to work for the German military authorities and have been punished severely. The Germans are accustomed to placard lying bills in all parts of the towns announcing imaginary successes in a pompous style. A group of students were passing before a bill when they stopped and made fun of it. They were all arrested. All the material for industry, the copper, the factory machinery, the dynamos, the motor parts, the cotton and the wool have been confiscated by the invader. In a certain number of large factories and warehouses only the four walls remain. The Kommandantur requisitions everything, even to clothing and the shop carpets. Provisions are becoming constantly scarcer, and the poorest part of the population at Wola has begun to kill dogs for food.

More crushing and agonizing than this increasing famine, however, is the moral oppression, the menace of which is over the country. The "Courts of Blood" perform their work without cessation. Firing parties are always at work. In the neighborhood of Pilawa absolutely innocent people have been shot. Search is made continually in private houses to discover a trace of connection with "the enemies"—meaning the Allies. A month's imprisonment has been inflicted on a man who pretended to stop his ears during the passing of the German fiers, and a similar sentence for not saluting their flag. Lamentable and heartrending scenes which leave behind them in the innermost being a hatred which nothing can uproot are to be seen everywhere.

A Deportation Scene

Before my departure I saw with my own eyes how the Germans proceed in the sweeping away of men. At night cordons of troops surrounded a working-class quarter at Warsaw not far from the Nadwislanska Station with loaded rifles. "Alles heraus!" (all out ordered a sergeant. Then occurred a tragic scene. The soldiers chose here and there those men and women whom they thought suitable, separated brothers and sisters, mothers and children, and compelled those whom they declared good for slavery to leave immediately. Thus more than 100,000 men and women were removed from the part of the country under the Government of Warsaw. Young women and girls alike are torn from their family and collected in groups, pell-mell with women of evil life, with the lowest of their sex. The most beautiful women are reserved for the officers. Deportation trains leave the country every day for Germany. There, as in Poland, the hardest labor is imposed on the deported with in addition a severe regime of terrorism and of punishments. My unhappy fellow-countrymen are compelled to lie on the ground without covering exposed to all the hardships of the cold weather.

In Poland there is a regime of misery which no civilized people would dare to impose upon its worst criminals. Tuberculosis is consequently beginning to make frightful ravages among the emaciated population. But in spite of everything, the energy of the unhappy people is not giving way. Little account is made of fines, espionage, prison. They mock the enemy whom they detest. They write Polish songs which they sing to German tunes. To the air of "Deutschland, Deutschland, uber Alles" they sing: "Niemiec, Niemiec, co za scierwa," which means, "Germany, Germany, ferocious beast." And the Germans hear the air without understanding the words, and approve, flattered.

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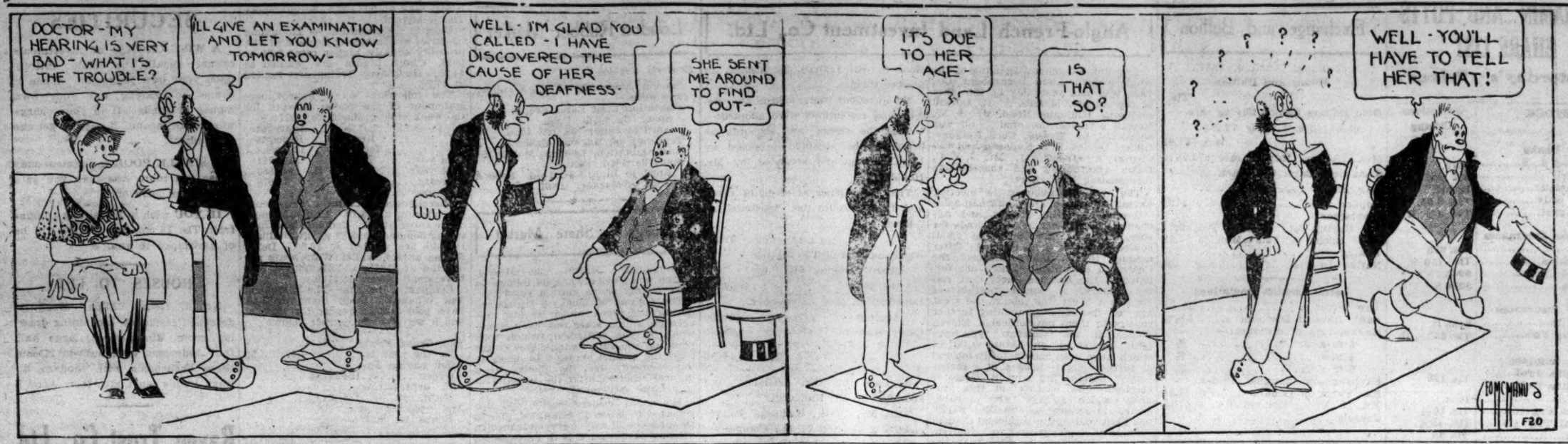
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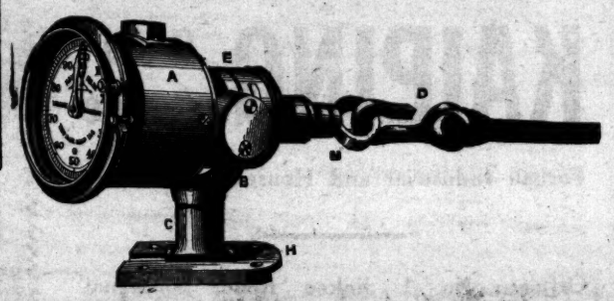

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Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — **Daily Home Magazine Page** — *A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour*

Swiftness, the Greatest of Magicians, May Be Useful to Inventors

By Garrett P. Serviss

"Is the hand quicker than the eye: I have been under the impression that in magical manipulations the hand deceives the eye:—

OF course, the hand deceives the eye in such cases, and may therefore be said to be "quicker" than the eye in that particular sense. This is a matter worth some thought because it involves a remarkable instance of one simple principle underlying a great variety of phenomena, many of which have upon the mind the effect of a stunning surprise. It also contains a valuable hint to inventors, since it shows the infinite possibilities hidden in a single fact of nature.

All the wonders of the "movies," which are becoming so common that we forget their marvellousness, have the same basis as the tricks of the prestidigitator. They take advantage of the simple fact that the eye requires time to receive and transmit to the brain an impression made upon its retina. The retina itself, which is a kind of nervous sheet, with a special and complicated structure, requires time to take a visual impression, and the nerves behind the retina require time to convey the impression to the co-ordinating cells of the brain.

The time involved is extremely brief, but still it has a certain duration. The intensity of the impression also affects the length of time required to render it perceptible, because there is a limit to the sensitiveness, or capability of being impressed, of any nervous organ. It has been calculated that the minimum, or least possible, intensity of light that the eye can perceive is about 300 times fainter than that of the full moon.

As to the time required to make a visual impression on the eye, it is evidently a small fraction of a second, when the light is sufficiently strong to have an immediate effect. For many reasons, it must be variable, but some idea of its length may be obtained by considering the time during which a single impression lasts. This has been put at from one-fiftieth to one-thirtieth of a second, but the cinematograph furnishes experimental proof that, in ordinary cases, the duration is considerably longer, varying from a tenth to a twentieth of a second. About a fifteenth of a second is a fair average estimate. A series of pictures of a moving object taken with about that interval between them, seems to the eye, when presented with similar rapidity of succession, to blend into an unbroken impression.

The rate of conduction of an impulse along the nerves is estimated to average about 108 feet per second. On that basis the brain could transmit a mobilisation order to the muscles of the hand in less than a thirtieth of a second. If the speed of muscular movement equals that of nervous conduction, the hand ought to be able to move one foot in a hundredth of a second, which is double the highest estimate of the duration of an impression on the eye, and six or seven times the interval between the successive images in a cinematograph picture.

Suppose, then, that you see the prestidigitator's hand in a particular position, and that he suddenly moves it a foot away, and instantly brings it back again to its original position. If he can execute the double movement in less than a fifteenth of a second your eye will be unaware of it, because the impression of the hand in its original position, which it had before the movement took place, will remain throughout the whole interval.

So, if in any way he can cause an object on which your eye has been resting to dart away with a speed too great to allow a distinct series of impressions of its successive positions to be made on the eye, it will seem to you to have vanished into thin air without stirring from its place. The ability of a fly, when you are on the warpath against it, to remain derisively invisible is due to the same principle. Perhaps the helmet of invisibility that Perseus borrowed from Hermes, when he went hunting for the gorgon Medusa, was nothing more than eye-escaping speed.

I have no doubt that many interesting and important inventions, perhaps as revolutionary in their effect upon society as the motion picture, and perhaps far more important, will eventually be made through the development of not only the means of outstripping the conveyance of sense impressions through human nerves but through a broader application of the principle of relative volocities. There is a magic virtue in swiftness. To a certain very useful degree, it can defy the remorseless grip of gravitation itself.

The bicycle cheats the force of gravity somewhat as the cinematograph cheats the eye. The aeroplane counteracts gravity by changing its place so rapidly that the invisible atmosphere—which cannot, unaided, keep a thistledown afloat—is turned into a virtual roadbed for the swiftly gliding airship. There are a hundred mechanical applications of this principle awaiting development. And think of what may some time be accomplished through the speeding up of surgical operations. Things that the eye cannot see are as if they were not for the sense of vision; suppose other senses could be similarly deceived. Swiftness, in some form, may become the prince of anaesthetics.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

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Chartered	£59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6.05.
Cathay, pref	Tls. 4¾ B.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 370
North China	Tls. 150 S.
Union of Canton	$945.
Yangtsze	$250 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$155 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 352½ B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def.	
"Shell"	103s.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 16½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 46½.
Kochien	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 8½ B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80.
Raub	$2.35
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$127 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 90.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 11¾ Sa.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 70 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 81
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 87 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 82 Sa.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Central Stores	$7.90.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 145
E-wo Pref	Tls 105
International	Tls. 69.
International Pref	Tls. 68
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 80
Oriental	Tls. 44
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 117 Sa.
Kung Yik	Tls. 13¼.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 5.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$125 B.
Green Island	Tls. 8.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 18 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 145 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$16½ B.
Llewellyn	$60.
Lane, Crawford	$95 B.
Moutrie	$35.
Watson	$6¾ B.
Weeks	$17½ S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 11½ Sa.
Amherst	Tls. 1.10 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10.10 Sa
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5.40 Sa.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 37 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1.55 x.d.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4 B.
Bute	Tls. 1¾.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.30 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 12.35.
Cheng	Tls. 3.10 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 3.15.
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Gula Kalumpong	Tls.7.90x.d.B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 20 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6⅞ B.
Kapala	Tls. 1.10
Kapayang	Tls. 28 x.d.
Karan	Tls. 9½ Sa.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 19.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 13¼ B.
Padang	Tls. 9¾ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 3.80 B.
Permata	Tls. 1.¼ Sa.
Repah	Tls. 1.05 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 7 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1.55 Sa.
Semambu	Tls. 15
Senawang	Tls. 1 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 8
Shangha. Malay	Tls. 13.
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 1.75 B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½ B.
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Sungei Duri	Tls.6½x.d.B.
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S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.96.
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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, April 4, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate @ 85=Tls. 1.17 @ 72.5= Mex.	$1.62
Mex. Dollars. Market rate	72.2375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1790
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/6=Tls.	5.71
Exch. @ 72.5=Mex. $	7.88
Peking Bar	297
Native Interest	.04

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	36 13/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5½%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 27.80
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T.	$ 476 7/16
Consols	£

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-6¼
London	Demand	3-6⅝
India (nominal)	T.T.	259½
Paris	T.T.	490
Paris	Demand	490½
New York	T.T.	83¾
New York	Demand	83⅞
Hongkong	T.T.	68½
Japan	T.T.	61
Batavia	T.T.	206

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3-7 11/16
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3-7 11/16
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3-8 1/16
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3-8 1/16
Paris	4 m-s.	509
New York	4 m-s.	86⅞

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR APRIL.

Hk. Tls. 5.18 @ 3/5 5/16		£1
" 1 @ 481½	=	Francs 5.36
" 1 No quotation		Marks *4.38
" 1.09 @ 82⅜		Gold $1.00
" 1 @ 62		Yen 1.80
" 1 @ 15*		Rupees 2.90
" 1 @ 2.88		Roubles 3.21
" 1 @ 1.50		Mex. $1.50

* Nominal.

The Cathay Trust, Ltd.

Paid-up Capital £220,899

LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.

J. C. DYER, Manager,

J. A. WATTIE & Co., Ltd.

Secretaries and General Managers,

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"Write for—

"A Brief Explanation of the Principles upon which Life Assurance in Founded,"

to

Head Office,

The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

10 Canton, Road, Shanghai.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.

The annual general meeting of the Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd., was held yesterday at the office of the Agents, Messrs. A. R. Burkill and Sons, Kiukiang Road. Mr. A. W. Burkill occupied the chair, and was supported by Messrs. Cecil Holliday, Gilbert Davies, E. S. Kadoorie and Liu Chang-yin (Directors), Mr. J. V. C. Davis (Secretary) and shareholders representing 1,457 shares.

The notice convening the meeting having been read, the Chairman said: —Gentlemen:—The Report and Accounts having been in your hands for some time, I will follow the usual course and take them as read. After reading the Auditor's Report the Chairman continued:—There are few items in the Balance Sheet that call for remark. A small portion of Estates A West was rebuilt, the great age of the buildings making further repairs to them impracticable. Eleven houses of the "Cottage" type have been completed on Estate O, all of which have been satisfactorily let and a further eight houses of a rather better design are now in course of erection. The balance of this property which as you are probably aware is known as "Studley Park" has been sold to the Municipal Council for use as a playground for children. As your Directors consider that the provision of such open spaces in Shanghai is most desirable no profit on the sale was asked for. The Council pay the cost price plus accrued interest and charges from the date of purchase until the property is taken over.

The increase in Estate P is the interest on this undeveloped land and Estate Q is, as stated in the report, a new purchase. The Directors contemplate the development of these lots when financial circumstances permit and the cost of building is nearer to normal figures.

Loans of Tls. 90,000 is money lent the Company, it is repayable at call and has been obtained at a favorable rate of interest.

Sundry Debtors consist of Rents unpaid and Land Tax and Fees paid in advance. Sundry Creditors include Land Taxes, Water and Lighting unpaid and Debenture Interest due to February 28, 1917.

As regards the Working Account, the inclusion of a full year's income from Estates B and J has increased the Gross Rentals. Interest shows a big reduction owing to the fact that the Company has had no funds out on loan and has borrowed money as stated above.

Expenses are on a normal level, repairs being very much less than the previous year which high figure was caused by the typhoon in July, 1915.

A final dividend of Tls. 3.50 per share is proposed and the placing to Depreciation and Renewals Account of Tls. 12,000, which will then stand at Tls. 132,000.

The prospects for the current year are quite satisfactory. The houses in course of erection on Estate O can be readily let on completion and there are very few empties on the other properties.

If any shareholder has any questions to ask I shall be pleased to answer them.

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were adopted:—

That the report and accounts as presented be accepted—proposed by the Chairman and seconded by Mr. Holliday.

That the balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account be distributed as follows:—

	Tls.
Final dividend of Tls. 3½ per share (making 6½% for the year)	45,500.00
Depreciation and Renewals Account	12,000.00
Carry forward	3,638.40
	Tls. 61,138.40

—proposed by Mr. Holliday and seconded by Mr. Kadoorie.

That Mr. E. S. Kadoorie be re-elected a director of the Company—proposed by Mr. Liu Chang-yin and seconded by Mr. Davis.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected Auditors of the company—proposed by Mr. W. Owen and seconded by Mr. J. B. de Senna.

The Chairman thanked shareholders for their attendance and said that dividend warrants would be posted today.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for April 3 was 84 tons."

Stock Exchange

Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, April 4, 1917.

Official

Langkats Tls. 18.00 cash
New Eng. Tls. 11.75
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 117.00
Shanghai Lands Tls. 82.00
Almas Tls. 11.50
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 5.40
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.10
Kota Bahroes Tls. 9.50
Repah Tls. 1.25
Semambu Tls. 1.55

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, April 4, 1917.

Official

Langkats Tls. 18.00 cash
Pahangs Tls. 1.75 cash
Tanah Merah Tls. 1.10 cash
Shanghai Lands Tls. 82.00 cash

Direct

New Eng. Works Tls. 12.00 cash

Cotton Market Report

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co. write as follows in their weekly cotton market report:—

Chinese Cotton.—In so far as price changes are concerned the Cotton market during the past week has been rather inactive, with the close last night quiet but steady. The market has the earmarks of having reached a temporary halting place, with little disposition on either side to attempt more than hand to mouth operations, until it becomes better demonstrated whether there is going to be any change in the present high rate of "Exchange" which is militating against the Export trade.

For the present, therefore, it looks as if the market has been bulled to a standstill, and it should not be surprising to see Holders selling for a turn, though this seems hardly likely on the face of advances in America and the bullish views held by our Japanese friends. Under the circumstances there is little to be said regarding the outlook in the near future, which will depend on the course "Exchange" takes and also the outlook of the Liverpool and American markets, in conjunction with the promptitude of the farmers in marketing their Cotton.

Recent advices from the North show heavy bookings by Export merchants for harsh grades. Quotations showing a difference of about one tael per picul from the ideas of local buyers. Tone of the market quiet to steady.

Liverpool:—
Egyptian, F.G.F. Brown, 23.10d.
Price of Fine M.C. Bengal, 10.40d.
" " Mid-Americans, 12.82d.
Price of Mid-Americans last reported, 12.58d.
Tone of Market, Firm.

New York Market:—
Mid-American, May, 19.18d.
Mid-American, October, 18.03d.
Tone of Market Firn.

Indian Market (April-May shipment):—
Broach Rs. 72¼.
Hinganghat Rs. 71.
Yoetmal Rs. 70.
F. Bengal Rs. 58¾.
Akola and Nagpur Rs. 70¼.
Market Firm.

Exchange Market Report

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon write as follows in their weekly exchange market report: —

The London price of silver at 36 13-16d. is 1 1-8d. higher than last week. Our local rate for T.T. on London, at first influenced by fair offerings of Export paper and later by heavy re-sales of T.T. on London for end of May by the local gold dealers, has advanced 2¼d. to 3s. 6½d. The closing up to parity is also partly due to the probability of shipments of sycee to India and possible tight money for early. Today with no change in Silver and Gold dealers showed an inclination to buy and forward rates are easy, early rates steady to firm. London advices of silver give us special indications of strength and written advices appear to give weight to China's exchanges —so it is not unlikely that the recent rise in silver is due to the local strength in our rates. Our stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 29,943,000 is about Tls. 813,000 lower than last week, and we understand that sycee to the extent of about Tls. 20,000,000 is prepared for shipment. The stock of Mexican Dollars remains at about $20,000,000.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, March 30.—Today's rubber prices were:—
Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 3s. 0¾d. Paid.
April to June: 3s. 1d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Easier.
Last Quotation, London, March 29:
Spot: 3s. 1¼d. Paid.
April to June: 3s. 1½d. Sellers.
Tone of Market: Dull.

Hongkong Share Market

Hongkong, March 30.—Messrs. Moxon and Taylor write as follows in their weekly share market report:—

The volume of business transacted during the week under review, has been on a fair scale restricted somewhat by the settlement which took place on the 29th instant, and at the close the market shows a tendency to improvement, due, no doubt, to a natural reaction after the negotiation of a large settlement.

Money is easier locally, and also reported to be so in Shanghai, and in the absence of any heavy advance in sterling exchange, it is to be expected that present levels will be well maintained if not improved upon.

Banks have buyers at $680, after a fair business at the rate.

Marine Insurances.—Unions at $895, Cantons at $370, North Chinas at $150, Yangtszes at $235 are unchanged from last week.

Fire Insurances.—Hongkong Fires at $330+div. are in strong demand. China Fires at $155 could be placed at quotation.

Shipping.—Douglases are quoted $94 sellers, but there are persistent rumors of business having been done considerably below this rate. Deferred Indos have fluctuated between $124 and $127 throughout the week, and on settlement day a fair business was done at $126 and $127, the market closing at $127 offered. Star Ferries at $33, Steamboats at $18½ have changed hands to a small extent.

Refineries.—China Sugars have been a firm market round about $126, throughout the week, and at the close buyers are offering $126½. Malabons at $30, have changed hands to a small extent.

Oils and Mining.—Langkats suddenly rose to a buying rate in Shanghai of Tls. 20, following on the amendment at the meeting resulting in a declaration of a one Tael dividend. The market has since eased off slightly. Raubs are wanted at $2.20, probably higher rates will be paid. Tronohs at 30s., Shells at 103s., Ural Caspians at 30s., are all unchanged from last week.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have come to business at $80, closing with buyers at the rate. Hongkong Docks have come to business at $121½ for cash ex dividend. Shanghai Docks have buyers in Shanghai at Tls. 88.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals at $93, are quiet. West Points could be placed at $71: Hongkong Lands are quiet at $94. Humphreys have come to business at $6.30. Hongkong Hotels are offering at $102.

Cotton Mills.—The market in Shanghai owing we believe to settlement influences, have been quiet throughout the week. The following quotations being nominal. Shanghai Cottons at Tls. 117, Ewos at Tls. 147½. Kung Yiks at Tls. 13. Yangtszepoos Tls. 5, buyers.

Electric Companies. — Hongkong Electrics are in strong demand at $49, probably slightly higher rates will be paid. China Lights are wanted at $4.75. Hongkong Trams are wanted at $7.20.

The following is an approximate statement of the traffic receipts for the week ending March 24, 1917:—

	Receipts for week.	Aggregate Receipts 12 weeks.
This year	$12,618	$163,761
Last year	11,503	149,883
Increase	1,115	13,878
Decrease	—	—

Miscellaneous.—China Providents are offering at $8.10. China Borneos are wanted at $8. Cements are in a strong demand at $8.30 ex div. William Powells are wanted at $6.00. Dairy Farms at $24, whilst Waterboats are offering at $16¼, and Hongkong Ices have small buyers at $160.

Companies Reports.—The Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company Ltd. have issued their report for 1916, of which we give an extract below:

	$	$
The Gross Profit for the year is		1,471,131.53
After paying Interest	124,237.09	
And depreciating Plant, etc., by	228,424.83	
And paying a Bonus to Staff of	50,000.00	
		402,661.92
There remains a net profit of		1,068,469.61
And adding amount brought forward as per last Report	365,316.44	
Less Interim Dividend paid 9th Nov., 1916	149,245.00	
		216,071.44
Leaves available a sum of		1,284,541.05

Which the Directors recommend to be appropriated as follows:—

To pay a Final Dividend at the rate of 5% per annum, or $2.50 per share	149,857.50
To pay a Bonus to Shareholders of $6 per share.	359,658.00
To transfer to Reserve Fund.	300,000.00
To carry forward to new account	475,025.55
	1,284,541.05

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

A WISE CHOICE of investments cannot usually be made entirely upon your own judgment. When it comes to placing out your own money or funds left in your charge to earn an income, it pays to get the best advice.

A SINGLE POOR investment may cause you more loss than you gain by a dozen good ones.

IF YOU wish to invest any amount from Tls. 15 up, our service will be of assistance to you.

HOUSES TO LET

No. 67 Route Vallon. Beautiful detached residence, containing drawing room, dining-room, large hall, four bedrooms with built-in closets, three bathrooms with modern fittings, tennis court, etc., from April 1.

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

38 Kiangse Road, 'Phone 60.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai and Ramsay & Co., Hankow.

FOR

LAND SURVEYING

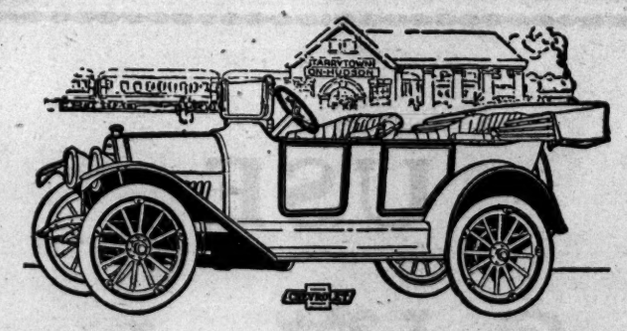
Of Any Description

SEE THE

CHINA INVESTMENT CO.,

13 NANKING ROAD,

'Phone 4757



Truth

As its advertisement—so the car. An honest announcement goes with an honest car.

Truth is the eternal test.

You will never read a Chevrolet statement making any extravagant claim.

True, we have claimed certain qualities for our car—superior motor-power, easy riding comfort, low cost of upkeep—but we have always been prepared to support our statement with the proof.

We claim that the Chevrolet model—now as always—stands for the highest motor value in its price class.

Test our statement—see the Chevrolet car, ride in it

You will find—as thousands of others have—that we have spoken the truth.

PRICES

TOURING CAR ..... Tls. 1325
ROADSTER ..... Tls. 1250

THE STAR GARAGE COMPANY

125 Bubbling Well Road

'Phone West 197

Factories: NEW YORK CITY; TARRYTOWN-ON-HUDSON; FLINT, MICH. ST. LOUIS, MO.; OAKLAND, CAL.; OSHAWA, CAN.; FT. WORTH, TEXAS

CHEVROLET

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
W. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves	Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme

Paid-up Capital .....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	18,500,000
	$33,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.
Chief Manager
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kualalumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New-York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,600,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,743,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, RUE Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe General pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun	Harbin	Tientsin
(Kwan chendze)	Hongkong	Tsingtau
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special acilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal ities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Pp Capital	$ 300,000.00
Reserves	$ 10,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916)	$1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current account in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollors, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000
Paid-up Capital	$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities, Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months a the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital	Francs 45,000,000

One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai
BANKERS:
In France. Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminser Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	„ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places n Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KORAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
60 Wall Street, New York

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up...U.S.	$3,250,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits	3,931,774.11
U.S.	$7,181,774.11

Branches at:

Bombay	Hongkong	Singapore
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	London	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Yokohama
Colon (P.C.Z.)	Medellin	Peking
Hankow	Panama	Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special service of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AYRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CURA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRAZIL.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—
Guilds 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Guilds 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Dejember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital.	Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..	Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars ac ording to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital	H.$2,000,000
Susbcribed and paid up Capital	H.$1,371,500
Reserve Fund	H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

IUKUUN,
Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Mauritius
Galle		Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore.	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,
Acting Manager
7 Nanking Road.
9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Fifty Branches and Agencies In China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5551

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
1, Kiukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up).	Yen 15,000,000
Reserves	Yen 1,470,000
Deposits	Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi Kure, Niihama, Hiroshima, Yanai Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu Fukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager

Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office)

Amusements

Victoria Theatre

PROGRAMME
For 5th April, 1917

"His Fairy Godmother"
Comedy

"Trapped by Camera"
Detective Drama. Four Parts

"The Apple"
Comedy Drama

"New Gaumont Graphic"

"Cunning Canal Boat Cupid"
Comedy

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The C.N. s.s Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Poocni left Wenchow for Shanghai yesterday.
The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.N. s.s. Shantung will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.
The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The H.O. s.s. Changon will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The I.-C. s.s. Esang left Chefoo for Shanghai via Tsingtao on Monday, at 7 p.m.
The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing left Tientsin for Shanghai via Dalny yesterday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Tamsui left Swatow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

Passengers Arrived

Per I.-C. s.s. Kingsing from Tientsin:—Mr. and Mrs. Jamieson.
Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Consul W. Stark Toller, and Mr. E. de Wolfe.
Per C.N. s.s. Anhui from Hongkong:—Mrs. Jennings, Lieut. G. Smith, Mrs. Bennet, Miss N. McDonald, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Yang Sir and children.
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru from Hongkong:—Mr. J.P. Alden, Dr. J.E. Brouse, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Barnes, Mr. J. N. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bixell, Mr. and Mrs. F. Baird, Mr. A. C. Baker, Mr. L. Beckingsale, Mr. and Miss. E. Carry, Col. and Mrs. D. Jay Collver, Mr. J. J. Cuyle, Mrs. W. T. Coatsworth, Misses E. and M. Coatsworth, Mrs. T. F. Griffin, Miss M. E. Ganson, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Grose, Miss G. G. Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Gilchrist, Mrs. M. K. Hosack, Miss M. Hosack, Mr. J. B. Hobbs, Miss E. Hornickel, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hinch, Mr. H. K. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Johnson, Mr. H. W. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kerch, Miss J. Keegan, Mr. W. Katz, Mr. K. Ladson, Mr. G. E. Larrigo, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. McKinnie, Miss J. McDowell, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Murphy and son, Mrs. M. B. Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Matthias, Count Nieroth, Dr. J. Polson, Mr. F. R. Price, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Paine, Mr. L. M. Potter, Mrs. L. M. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Robertson, Mrs. L. C. Sandmeyer, Misses H. and G. Sandmeyer, Miss A. E. Trumbull, Mr. and Mrs. O. Toomey, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Todd, Miss E. R. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. K. B. Van Riper, Miss A. N. Ward, Miss E. J. Ward, Baron M. de Wrangell, Miss C. Von Weise, Mr. and Mrs. F. Wilson, and Mr. Lam Yik.

Siccawei Weather Report

3.—Cyclonic centers reaching Korea and Northern and Southern Manchuria.
Strong northerly winds setting in during the afternoon in Liaotung. Very fine warm weather at Shanghai.
4.—Very fine dry weather with light S8W breezes; barometer steady.

Wednesday, April 4, 1917.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m
Bar. at Centg., mm	764.24	763.79
„ „ inches	30.09	30.07
Variation mm. for 24 h	-3.22	-3.96
Variation mm. for 12 h	-1.05	-1.72
Wind Direction	SSE	SSE
Wind Kilom per hour	13	11
Wind Miles	9 3	6 7
Temperature Cen	11.6	13.2
Temperature Fahr	52.9	55.8
Humidity: cc	86	78
Rebumidity 0-10	10	10
Rainfallmm.	.3	0.2
Rainfallinches	0.01	0.01

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for April 5th.

Tonight Tonight

"THE IRON CLAW"
The most sensational photo-play
Showing the 17th and 18th Episodes, entitled:
"The Vanishing Faker"
and
"The Green Eyed God"
Pathe's British French and American Gazettes
Depicting all the latest events of interest.
"When There's Enough For One"
A splendid comedy, by Mr. E. Rivers.
Weber and Fields
in
Mike and Meyer Go Fishing
Screamingly funny comedy

PLEASE NOTE that the Apollo Telephone Number has been changed to NORTH 381.

SEE TONIGHT

AT THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

"GUARDING OLD GLORY"

IN FIVE PARTS

The picture that will make every American a better American after seeing it.

The First and only peace preparedness and patriotic picture dealing with the actual facts.

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

Corner of Woochang and Chapoo Roads

PROGRAMME
for
Thursday, Friday, Saturday & Sunday, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th April.

"THE BROKEN COIN"
13th and 14th Episodes
"WAR"
"THE DELUGE"

These two Episodes, as their titles imply, are the most thrilling and exciting chapters yet presented.

Also Showing Two Splendid Comedies
"Mike and Meyer Children Elope"
"A Ready-Made Family"

Dress Circle Seats .... 30 Cents.
Matinees on Saturday and Sunday:

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Apr 5	5.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 5	9.00*	Tacoma & Seattle	Mexico maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
.. 18	..	San Francisco	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
19	..	San Francisco	Persia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 20	..	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co.
May 6	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 14	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Apr 5	9.30*	Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 5	5.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Shinyo maru	Jap.	A.T.Co.
.. 5	9.00*	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Mexic maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
.. 7	3.0	Nagasaki Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 10	4.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Hakusi maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
.. 12		Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 13	3.00	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.
.. 14	..	Nagasaki. Moji and Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 15	..	Yokohama, etc.	Kaga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Apr 13	2.30	London etc.	Kitano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 22	10.00*	London etc.	Fushimi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 29	..	London etc.	Hirano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Apr 5	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
.. 5	10.00*	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 5	4.00	*Hongkong & Canton	Choysang	Br.	J. M. & Co
.. 6	10.00*	Swatow	Holhow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 6	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
.. 6	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
.. 6	5.00	Hongkong	China	Am	C. M. S. S. Co.
.. 6	A.M.	Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 7	..	Manila & Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
.. 7	D.L.	Swatow	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 8	D.L.	Amoy	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
.. 8	D.L.	Hongsong and Canton	Anhui	Br.	B. & S.
.. 10	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
.. 12	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
.. 19	..	Hongkong	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Apr 5	11.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 6	10.00*	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
.. 6	9.00*	Tsingtao	Isshin maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
.. 6	10.00*	Tientsin & Dalny	Otowa maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
.. 6	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
.. 8	9.00*	Tsingtao	Ono maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
.. 8	D.L.	Chefoo & Antung	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
.. 8	D.L.	Chefoo & Newchwang	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
.. 10	noon	Dalny	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
.. 13	3.00	Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Apr 5	10.00*	Chinkiang, H'kow & Swatow	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
.. 5	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 5	M.N.	do	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 5	M.N.	do	Talee maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 6	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br	B. & S.
.. 6	M.N.	do	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 7	M.N.	do	Nzankin	Br.	B. & S.
.. 7	M.N.	do	Tachi maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 8	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
.. 9	M.N.	do	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 9	M.N.	do	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
.. 9	M.N.	do	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 10	M.N.	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 10	M.N.	do	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 10	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
.. 11	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 12	M.N.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnght. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Apr 4	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
.. 4	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N. S.N.Co.	NSCW
.. 4	Swatow	Wuhu	1227	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
.. 4	Foochow	Yusang	1223	Br.	B. & S.	SHW
.. 4	Swatow	Wosang	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
.. 4	Tientsin	Kingsing	1223	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
.. 4	Chinwangtao	Kwangping	1244	Br.	K. M. A.	KMAW
.. 4	Tsingtao	Isshin maru	841	Jap.	S. M. R.	WSW
.. 4	Hankow	Luenho	1520	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
.. 4	Swatow	Hoihow	805	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
.. 4	Hongkong	Anhui	1355	Br.	B. & S.	CNPW
.. 4	Hongkong	Shinyo maru	22000	Jap.	A. T. Co.	Woosung

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Apr 4	Hankow etc	Kiangyung	1451	Chi.	C.M. S. N. Co.
.. 4	Takao via Foochow Keelung	Keelung maru	963	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 4	Chefoo & Newchwang	Kwangse	1228	Br.	B. & S.
.. 4	Hankow etc.	Nanyang maru	968	Jap.	N.K.K.
.. 4	Tientsin	Volund	11 4	Nor.	K. M. A
.. 4	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.
.. 4	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger.	Carlowitz	US
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	782	Ger.	H. D. & Co	US
Mar 25	Hongkong	Glengyle	5936	Br.	Glen Line	CMLW
Apr 1	Chinwangtao	Jinju maru	1706	Jap.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Mar 26	Tientsin	Koonshing	3233	Br.	J.M. & Co.	SHW
Apr 2	Wenchow	Kwangchi	314	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
Apr 2		Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K	WSW
Apr 3	Hankow	Kiangyu	1490	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	US
July 30	Hankow	Meilee	1682	Ger.	Melcher	US
Mar 18	Ningpo	Meifoo	406	Am.	S. Oil Co	SOCW
Apr 3		Mexico maru	6064	Jap.	O. S. K.	OSKW
Apr 2	Hankow	Poyang	1892	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Mar 18	Balikpapan	Romany	2579	Br.	A. P. Co.	11 p
July 30	Tsingtao	sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	US
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Mar 25	Cruise	Store Nordiske	698	Dan	G.-N. T. Co.	7 p
Apr 2	Amoy	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Apr 2	Hankow	Tachi maru	1828	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDW
Apr 2	Amoy	Taishun	1612	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Apr 3	Hankow	Talee maru	1126	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDW

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The str. Kiangyu, Capt. J. Carlson, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Luenho, 2,868 tons, Capt. Jackson, will leave on Thursday, the 5th instant, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru, Captain T. Honjo, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Friday April 6 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Suiwo, 2,671 tons, Captain Seller, will leave on Friday, the 6th instant, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Luenyi, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 6th inst., at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ngankin, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, April 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfied and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Tachi Maru, Captain Y. Matsumoto, will be despatched from Pootung O.S.K. Wharf on Saturday, April 7 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tatung, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, April 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The Chnia Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinkiang Captain Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, April 5, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hoihow, Captain R. Ritchie, will leave on Friday, April 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 6th Apr., at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tls. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The str. Kwangtah, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Nivaglation Co.'s str. Anhui, Captain Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, April 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Sunning, Capt. W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Apr. 10, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Captain Bennett, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, April 5, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 6th inst., at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO and NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ningpo, Capt. W. J. Freer, will leave on Sunday, April 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO and ANTUNG.—The China Nivigation Co.'s str. Chihli, Capt. R. H. Lloyd, will leave on Sunday, April 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.
*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connecting at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.

The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone No. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers
"Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia"
14,000 tons each
TO SAN FRANCISCO
VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT
The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailing to Manila and Hongkong.	To San Francisco
S.S. "COLOMBIA" ..... Apr. 7	Apr. 26
S.S. "VENEZUELA" ..... May 5	May 24

(Subject to change)

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration.
Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
For further information re freight and passage, apply to
B. C. HAILE, Special representative.
ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD., Agents.
1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building)
Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.
Shanghai Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
8P	Nov. 8	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g b.	190	2	47	Bryan
P&OBI	Feb. 11	Cruise	Samar	Am g-b.	248	6	29	Timberlake
8P	Feb. 12	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b.	826	6	86	Clarke
ODW	Mar. 5	Cruise	Wilmington	Am g-b.	1392	8	159	Chadwick

The French gunboats D. de La gree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

TIENTSIN and DA REN.—The str. Otowa Maru, Capt. K. Nomur.., will be despatched from the Co.'s Pootung wharf on 6th inst., at 10 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha's Office at 9 a.m., on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Shinyo Maru 22,000 tons Capt. W.C.T.S. Filmer, will leave on Thursday, April 5. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Shinyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. W. C. T. S. Filmer, will leave on Thursday, April 5. Passengers booked to all, points in Ameriia, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

TACOMA and SEATTLE (calling Victoria B.C.) via MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Trans-Pacific str. Mexico Maru, Capt. T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from Shanghai on the 5th inst., at 9 a.m., or at such time as the state of tide may require. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago Milwaukee and Saint Paul Railway Co., at Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany Overland Shipment. For Freight or Passage, apply to O.S.K., No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
TRANS PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver
In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway
SHORTEST ROUTE TO
ST. PAUL—CHICAGO—TORONTO.
MONTREAL and NEW YORK

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA
Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.
30,625 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN 11,750 Tons
MONTEAGLE 12,720 Tons

REDUCED FIRST CLASS FARES

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to
J. R. SHAW, General Agent, Passenger Dept.
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent.
Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,
Tel. 181 and 182 Shanghai.

T.K.K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.
To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu
PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "SHINYO MARU"	22,000	Tons.	April 5	1917
" "PERSIA MARU"	9,000	"	" 19	"
" "KOREA MARU"	18,000	"	May 1	"
" "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	" 18	"
" "TENYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 26	"
" "NIPPON MARU"	11,000	"	June 8	"
" "SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 22	"

All the steamers of this Company are equipped with wireless, electric fans in all staterooms, electric light in all berths, swimming tanks and all conveniences.

THROUGH TICKETS and BILLS OF LADING ISSUED to San Francisco to the principal cities of the United States and Canada by the Overland Railways, to Mexico, Central and South American ports, and through tickets to Europe by connecting New York and St. Lawrence lines. Particulars of the various routes to be had on application. All passage money payable in local currency at rate of exchange on day of purchase.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES by the s.s. "Nippon Maru" and s.s. "Persia Maru" affording superior accommodation at reduced rates.
Round-trip tickets at reduced rates. Lay-over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Through rates include rail transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, if desired.
For further information, rates of passage money and freight apply to
THE AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY, *Agents,*
Telephone No. 3229. 53 Szechuen Road.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS
S.S. CHINA
(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI KOBE YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
* APRIL 18, JUNE 26, SEPT. 8.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
APRIL 6. JUNE 12, AUG. 26.
G. J. PETROCELLI. FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR
* OMITTING CALL AT KOBE AND HONOLULU

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, etc.

	Tons		
KITANO MARU	16,000	——	April 13
FUSHIMI MARU	21.000	——	April 22
HIRANO MARU	16,000	——	April 29

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 6, 1917
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Terada,	May 14, 1917
KAMAKURA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Shirai,	June 13, 1917

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	April 7
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	April 10
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	April 14
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	April 17
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	April 21

KOBE TO SEATTLE.

SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	April 13

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Yagiu,	April 5, 1917
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	April 12, 1917

FOR JAPAN.

KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Komatsubara,	April 15
AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 6

FOR HONGKONG.

AWA MARU	12,500	——	Apr. 19 1917

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan Ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
NIKKO MARU	10,000	——	Apr. 17, 1917
AKI MARU	12,500	——	May 15, 1917
TANGO MARU	14.000	——	June 19, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yuser Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

Large Stocks of Swedish Paper.

Write for prices and particulars.

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

No. 6 Kiangse Road

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0900 = Midnight. 1330 = 1.30 p.m.

Septem er 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B. S.	Mail 102 B. s.
2085	808	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2240	1950	1020
2345	1113	635		arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
000	1125	650		arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	240		1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1930
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1655	1941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1911
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1508
1457	1748	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1158
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	845
7.		—	220		—		8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1089	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	329	1256
1556	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.		—	420		—		10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1537	1132	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	988
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1430	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1430	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2130	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line				
930	1330	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
008	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

000 — train runs on Thursday only. 2300 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

— train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st-class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER

Tientsin, September, 1916.

Business and Official Notices

S. M. P.

SIKH SPORTS.

In Aid of

"Fund for Sikh Wounded"

To be held on the

RACE COURSE.

Saturday, 7th April, 1917

Commencing at 2.30 p.m.

ADMISSION $1.00

Children half price.

Teas and Refreshments By Shepherd's Cafe.

13326.

Customs Notification

No. 870

IN accordance with instructions received today through the Inspector General of Customs no further importation of Opium, either from Bonded Godowns or direct, is permitted.

F. S. UNWIN,
Commissioner of Customs.

Custom House,
Shanghai, 2nd April, 1917.

13343

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2434.

LOAN OF 1897.

THE debentures outstanding under the Municipal Loan of 1897 will be paid on presentation at the Finance Department, if properly endorsed by the registered owner, on and after June 30, 1917, from which date interest will cease.

Holders are given the option of exchanging their scrip for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1917 at par. This option will terminate on June 30, 1917.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, March 29, 1917.

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2435.

7% (SHORT TERM) LOAN 1917.

UNDER the authority of Resolutions V and VI passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on March 21, 1917, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1917.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year. They will be issued at par and will be redeemed on June 30, 1922.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from The Treasurer, Finance Department, 24b Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, March 23, 1917.

13261

NAAMLOOZE VENNOOTSCHAP

Maatschappij Tot Mijn Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of shareholders will be held in the offices of the Company, Tandjong Poera Lower Langkat, Sumatra, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, the 28th April 1917.

By Order of the Directors
GEORGE McBAIN.
General Agent

Shanghai, 27th February, 1917.

12899

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

THE Exchange Banks, which are members of the above Association, will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Friday, Saturday and Monday, the 6th, 7th and 9th April, on account of the Easter Holidays.

13357

For Sale or to Let From 1st May

No 50 Route Doumer—modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, standing well back from the road, containing: Hall, Billiard-room, three entertaining rooms, seven bedrooms, five bathrooms and Boxroom. Garage, stabling for four horses; well developed grounds, tennis lawn (four courts), croquet lawn and rosary. Altogether about 20 mows of land.

For inspection apply to:

STIRLING FESSENDEN,
3 Hongkong Road.

13291

The Yangtsze Insurance Association, Limited

THE Twenty-seventh Ordinary General Meeting of the above Association will be held at the temporary Head Office, McBain Building, No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai, on Friday, the 13th April, 1917, at 4.30 o'clock p.m. precisely, for presentation of the Report of the Directors and the Accounts to the 30th December, 1916, the election of Directors and Auditors for the current year and for the purpose of transacting any other business which may be transacted at an Ordinary General Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Association will be closed from the 6th April, 1917, to the 13th April, 1917, both days inclusive.

Members holding proxies for absent shareholders must deposit same with the General Manager for registration at least forty-eight hours before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. JACKSON,
General Manager.

Shanghai, March 26, 1917.

13235

Dr. S. Nakanishi

Veterinary Surgeon

Y-A 4 Barchet Road,

wishes to inform patrons that his telephone number has been changed to North 611 from April 1, 1917.

13232

The Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 13 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 12th day of April, 1917, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 5th April to 12th April, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
R. N. TRUMAN & CO.
Secretaries & Managers.

Shanghai, 29th March, 1917.

13254

TO LET

TO LET in Hongkew district, flat, furnished or unfurnished, two large rooms, verandah, kitchen and bathroom. Children not desired. Apply to Box 323, THE CHINA PRESS.

The Geographical and Topographical Society OF CHINA

8B PEKING ROAD
(Opposite Chinese Post Office)

Following works now in preparation:

1. **The NEW PLAN OF PEKING with ILLUSTRATED INDEX (Guide Book) and THE NEW MAP OF CHIHLI PROVINCE which will be included.**
2. **THE WHANGPOO RIVER WHARF AND GODOWN PLAN which will be used in connection with a Block Book of individual wharf and godown plans, published in conjunction with this work.**
3. **The NEW PLAN OF CANTON with ILLUSTRATED INDEX (Guide Book) and THE NEW MAP OF KWANGTUNG PROVINCE.**
4. **THE GREAT ATLAS OF CHINA scale ONE INCH TO A MILE compiled especially with the support of the members (Honorary) of the above Society.**

M. CHING CHONG

Proprietor, Yeh Mei-ching
Hardware and Metal Merchants
Government Contractors

Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

The Chee Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

We have also Black Dye in stock, Trade Mark Zang Kun ( ) at moderate prices.

For further information, please apply to—

66-69 North Soochow Road, Shanghai.

Tel. Gen. office No. 2971
Tel. Pri. office No. 4385

TRAWLER SINKS U-BOAT IN 20-MINUTES' FIGHT

French Fishing-Vessel, Only Carrying Small Gun, Tackles German Submarine

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 3.—A French fishing-vessel armed with a small gun recently sank a German submarine, after a fight which lasted for twenty minutes.

To License Civilian Prisoners on Parole

Can Work in Essential British Industries At Ordinary Rates of Wages

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 3.—The Press Bureau announces that arrangements have been made to license on parole selected civilian prisoners of war and for their employment in essential industries, on their employers' premises and in a way not connected with war operations. They will receive the ordinary rate of wages and will report themselves twice a week to the police.

Name Tien Wen-lieh For Ministerial Post

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 4.—It is understood that the Government has decided to nominate Tien Wen-lieh, Governor of Honan, as Minister of the Interior. This nomination will shortly be referred to Parliament.

Sam Joe & Co.

General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers. "American" fresh fruit always in stock

PRICES VERY MODERATE
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ORDERS

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and Japanese coal sold by us also.

A1114 Broadway
Telephone No. 1095.
SHANGHAI.

PROFITS IN TREES

A general appeal for the encouragement of tree-planting has been sent out by the local branch of the Chinese Forestry Association on Ningpo Road.

"Japan nets a yearly profit of $16,000,000 in the forestry industry," says the message. Germany, the first country to treat forestry as an industry, has a net profit of $168,000,000 per year, which is equivalent to one-third of the taxation revenue of China.

"Japan has 33,000,000 acres of forestry, while Germany has 35,000,000 acres. Yet the total area of the two countries combined is only equal to one-twentieth of that of China."

NEWSPAPER HOLIDAY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 3.—No English newspapers will be published on Good Friday.

Shanghai Flora

removed to

573 NANKING ROAD

(Formerly Catleya)

Tel. 2710

Compound Glycerophosphate

WINE.

A most valuable reconstructive tonic in cases of physical and mental breakdown, nervous exhaustion, loss of energy and insomnia.

$2.00

per bottle.

VOELKEL & SCHROEDER A. G.

37 Nanking Road

SHANGHAI.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking and Peking—Up (Main Line) Peking and Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Express R	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	7.55	..	8.20	9.00	12.50	15.20	23.00
SOOCHOW dep.	9.41	..	11.02	12.13	14.57	18 13	1.08
WUSIH dep.	10.31	..	12.21	13.43	15.52	19.11	2.10
CHANGCHOW dep.	11.22	6.50	13.42	15.01	16.47	20.45	3.10
TANYANG dep.	12.09	8.03	14.59	16.14	17.43	..	..
CHINKIANG dep.	12.52	8.59	15.57	17.18	18.32	..	5.06
NANKING arr.	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05	..	6.50
NANKING FERRY arr.	14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUKOW dep.	3.15.30	T.P.R	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU dep	8.06	Second	..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	16.31	Day	..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	17.00	P.M.R.	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING arr.	*19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R		Night Express R.S.
PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	11.10		..
CENTRAL dep	..	..	..	..	8. 12.00		..
TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	20.31	T.P.R. Second Day	..
PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	13.00		..
NANKING FERRY dep.	..	..	..	..	14.20	..	..
NANKING dep.	..	7.00	7.30	11.15	14.21	15 55	23.00
CHINKIANG dep.	..	9.05	9.52	12.59	14.01	18.25	1.0
TANYANG dep.	..	9.57	1.5	13.16	14.38	19.19	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.20	11.14	12.23	14.52	17.3	20.30	3.06
WUSIH dep.	7.31	12.22	13.44	15.53	18.31	..	4.11
SOOCHOW dep.	8.46	13.50	15.08	16.55	19.28	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	11.25	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.30	..	7.10

R. Restaurant Cars. S. Sleeping Cars. *Connects with through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS dep.	6.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.20	18.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep.	7.22	8.42	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.37	21.12
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	21.20

SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7 35	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.20	17.25	20 00
KIANGWAN dep.	6.26	7.46	10.16	12.25	14.11	15.41	17.36	20.11
WOOSUNG FORTS arr.	6.50	8.10	10.40	12.50	14 35	16.05	18.00	20.35

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express	Local	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.40	8.55	10.0	....	14.05	....	....	....
Jessfield dep.	....	8.01	9.	.26	....	14.25	....	....	....
Siccawei dep	....	8.1	9 5	0 35	....	14 34	....	....	....
Lunghwa Junction dep	....	8.28	9 4	11.00	....	14.52	....	....	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*16.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.28*	*9.48*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.52*	*16.29*	*17.03*	*18.18*
Sunkiang dep.	...	9.13	10.55	2 10	....	15 28	17.47	....	....
Ka hai dep.	...	10.03	11.5	13 33	....	16.15	18 57	....	...
Kashing dep.	7 20	10.35	1 36	14.16	....	16 46	19.20	....	....
Yeh Zah dep.	8.08	11.14	3 0	5 15	....	17.21	....	....	....
Chang An dep.	9.00	11.49	4 04	6 10	....	17 55	....	....	....
Hangchow dep.	10.38	2 53	5 26	17.47	....	18.54	....	....	....
Zah Kou arr.	11.00	13.09	5 45	18.15	....	19. 0	....	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express	Local
Zah Kou dep.	....	....	....	6.45	8.10	....	8 55	14 15	16.00
Hangchow dep.	....	....	....	7.15	8.40	....	9.33	14 40	16.35
Chang An dep	...	...	...	8.15	9.56	....	11.03	15.26	17.57
Yeh Zah dep	....	....	....	8.52	10.40	....	12 30	15.57	18.50
Kashing dep.	....	....	7.25	9.40	11.30	....	14.07	16.38	19.40
Kaskai dep.	....	....	8 00	10.05	12.00	....	14 47	17.01	....
Songkiang dep.	....	....	9 18	10.57	13.03	....	16.13	17.49	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.35*	*9.55*	*10.37*	*11.48*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.40*	*18.50*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	....	11.44	14.07	.. .	17.22	18.32	....
Siccawei dep.	....	....	....	11.53	14.17	....	17.32	18 42	....
Jessfield dep	....	....	....	12.01	14 26	....	17.41	18.51	....
Shanghai North arr	....	....	....	12.20	14.45	....	18.00	19.10	....

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU KIANGSU BRANCH LINE. ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7.05	8 30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.25	8.50	11.20	14.21	16.20	18.29
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.35	9.05	11.35	14.31	16.37	18.37
Zah Kou.....	arr.	....	9.25	11 55	...	17.00	....

Zah Kou.....	dep.	....	9.40	12.20	...	17.15	....
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.45	10.05	12.50	14.55	17.40	18 50
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	8.00	10.23	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.02
Kon Zen Chiao..	arr.	8 13	10.35	13.18	15.23	18.05	19.15

Business and Official Notices

Lingeries
Underwear
Hosiery
Child's Washing Suits and Dresses
½ Price *Millinery*
at
CANTOROVITCH'S SALE
103 Broadway

International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES.

7th and 9th April, 1917.

1st Saddling Bell at 1.30 p.m. each day.

Special Trains:—12.50 p.m., 1.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.

Entrance Tickets:—$1.00 each day.

Race Tiffins:—Tiffins will be served by Messrs. Shepherd and Yih Tse-shan at the Race Course.

By order,
Y. J. CHANG,
Secretary.

S/S "SANNO MARU"

The s.s. "Sanno Maru" is now discharging her cargo at the Chang Kah Pang Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their B/ls for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of the goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within 10 days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Examination of damaged goods will take place at the wharf on April 7th at 10 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.,
Time Charterers,
Union Building.
13364

IF YOU WISH to have good results in Developing and Printing your Films, send to **THE ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY CO.** 135-A, Szechuen Road. 'Phone No. 1647.
13332.

Just Arrived

Swiss Cheese and Golden State Butter

Shanghai General Store
No. 5 BROADWAY

Just think of the most beautiful, the most economical, and the most highly appreciated present, and you will at once think of

The Marco Polo Scarf.

Price Prepaid: $4.25

Postage & Duty Free

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 9

BILL SMITH

Bill Smith, though bald, was a very decent sort,
Grown healthy and happy from the use of Hunt's Port.
In the evenings he counted the hairs on his head.
Till he wakened one morning with but one left, 'tis said.

HUNT'S PORTS AND SERRIES ARE HEALTHY

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Wine Merchants

NOTICE

THE business of Share and General Brokers, hitherto carried on by the undersigned, has been taken over by Messrs. Benjamin & Potts, No. 8 Jinkee Road.

WINGROVE & BURRETT.
Shanghai, 2nd April, 1917.

Mr. F. J. Burrett has this day been admitted a partner in our firm.

BENJAMIN & POTTS.
Shanghai, 2nd April, 1917.
13331

Moving-Photo

DO you want to see yourself in moving-photo? Do you want to show your friends all the tricks you can do with one photo?

You can have them all and carry the photo home for $2.00 Mex.

Call at
Chung Hwa Photographic Co.
377 Nanking Road.
13201

A Great Human Oddity!

A HINDU by religion, named Jaganatham, height 20 inches, born without hands and feet, aged 35 years. Can speak and write fluently many foreign languages, such as English, French, Tamil, Hindustani, Malay, Chinese and Japanese. Recently arrived from Madras.

May be seen at
THE NEW WORLD,
Corner of Thibet and Bubbling Well Roads.

Commencing 6th April, From noon onwards.
13358

The North Szechuen Road SKATING RINK

The closing of the season
Grand Masquerade Carnival
will take place on
Saturday, April 7th, 1917.

Skating from 9 p.m. to 12 p.m.
Dancing from 12 p.m. to 2 a.m.

ADMISSION
Adults $1.00
Children & Spectators 0.60

Prizes will be given for Fancy Dresses
(Gentlemen and Ladies);
Original Costumes.
(Gentlemen and Ladies);
Fast Skating, Etc.
Formerly the Shanghai Skating Rink.
13365

Great Spring Sale
at
The New Indian Store
For Two Weeks Only
Commencing 4th April, 1917

Silks, Satins, Taffetas, Dresses, Carpets, Washing Rugs, Cotton & Silk Blouses, Muslins, Opera Coats, Shawls & Scarfs

Kindly see at once our new goods
Prices moderate
Please do not fail to take advantage of this opportunity at
W. ASSOMULL & CO.
4 Broadway
(Opposite Astor House)
13212

Zung Lee & Sons. (W. Z. Zee & Sons Est: 1895) Broadway, Shanghai.

LOCKS **YALE** HARDWARE

COMPLETE STOCKS ON HAND

KNAPP & BAXTER. INC.
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN PRODUCTS
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China
Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

KIANGNAN POULTRY FARM

Foreign and Native Eggs for sale. Absolutely Guaranteed as New-Laid.

PRICES

Foreign Eggs for setting	$2.75 for 13
Foreign Eggs for table	1.00 for 35
Native Eggs, first-grade	1.00 for 60
Native Eggs, second-grade	1.00 for 70

Chung Hsin Road (just opposite the S. N. Railway station)
(近寶山路在中興煙囪).

BETTER VALUE

is the plain and simple explanation of the popularity of Hill's Bazaar.

1800 people

have visited the Bazaar already, to take advantage of the unprecedented bargains. Surely no better proof is needed to show us that our efforts are appreciated.

Avail yourself of this rare opportunity of obtaining perfectly new goods at pre-war prices.

HILL'S BAZAAR
119 Szechuen Road.
(Opposite Chinese Post Office.)

Spring and Summer Suits

New American Material and Styles, latest Patterns, in Small Checks and Stripes.

THOM SHING
G. 19 Tiendong Road, near Broadway

LYCEUM THEATRE

For a Short Season Only. MAURICE E. BANDMAN, Presents
The New Bandman Opera Co.
in the following latest London Successes

Thursday, April 5th
The Latest Farcical Comedy with Music from the Gaiety Theatre, London.
"THE GIRL FROM CIROS"

Friday, April 6th
NO PERFORMANCE

Saturday, April 7th
The World's Popular Musical Comedy
"THE MERRY WIDOW"

Monday, April 9th
Easter Monday Performance
"The Bing Boys Are Here"

Tuesday and Wednesday, April 10th & 11th
For The First Time In Shanghai
The Great Daly's Theatre Success
"THE HAPPY DAY"

Thursday, April 12th
The Successful American Musical Comed
MR. MANHATTAN

Friday, April 13th
The Popular Musical Comedy
"HIGH JINKS"

Commencing at 9.15 p.m. sharp
Prices of Admission $3.00, $2.00, $1.00.
The plans of the remaining performances now open at Moutrie's.

CHEQUE PERFORATORS
AND
PROTECTOGRAPHS

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI: PHONE 4778

GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

PAPINI—MONTES

at the

OLYMPIC THEATRE

on

Wednesday, April 18th, at 9.30 p.m.

Booking at MOUTRIE'S $3, $2, $1.

Book early in order to avoid disappointment
13329

The Cathay Trust, Limited

NOTICE is hereby given that, in compliance with a letter of requisition from Shareholders, pursuant to Articles 54 and 55 of the Company's Articles of Association, an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Cathay Trust, Limited, will be held at No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, Today, the fifth day of April, 1917, at four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing as an Extraordinary Resolution the following Resolution, that is to say:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Frederick Newman Matthews of No. 3d Peking Road, Shanghai and James Crichton Dyer, of No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up."

AND NOTICE is hereby also given that should the above Resolution be passed by the requisite majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting, and that such meeting will be held at the same time and place on the 30th day of April, 1917.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Register of members of the above named Company will be closed from the 5th April to the 30th April, both days inclusive, and in the event of a Special Resolution, for the voluntary winding up of the Company, being duly passed and confirmed, on or before the last-mentioned date, will thereafter remain closed, unless opened with the consent of the Liquidator.

Dated this 15th day of March, 1917.
By Order of the
Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.
13073

Tsingtau Season 1917

Four furnished houses and flats

Apply to:
Joseph Th. Monchen
3 Tientsin Street,
Tsingtau.
13296

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by two young American bachelors, board and room with bath, or rooms with baths, in Western district or French concession. Apply to Box 347, THE CHINA PRESS.
13350 A 5

WANTED by three bachelors, furnished rooms, with board, in Hongkew or Wayside district. Apply to Box 345, THE CHINA PRESS.
13347 A 6

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED to hire, for three or four months, victoria and pony (or horse), rubber tyres. Inclusive monthly rate. Apply to Box 348, THE CHINA PRESS.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15, Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.
Tel. 3482
9408

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
(Facing Park)
A large flat, two large and one small room, with board. Bathroom and verandah attached; very cool summer time. Tel. 1946

BOARD-RESIDENCE
Location: Central, quiet, and select.
Terms: Monthly and very moderate.
Cuisine and Service: Excellent.
Apply to Box No. 184
THE CHINA PRESS.
12976

TO LET, on Range Road, cool, airy flat, consisting of two large, well-furnished rooms, kitchen, bathroom and enclosed verandah, facing south. Electric light and gas. Quiet house. Apply to Box 338, THE CHINA PRESS.
13338

TO LET, with board, Western district, comfortably furnished double bedroom, facing south, in detached house. Private British family. Telephone etc. Apply to Box 351, THE CHINA PRESS.
13355 A 5

TO LET, furnished attic room with board, neutral family, Central district. Apply to Box 333, THE CHINA PRESS.
13324 A 8

$80. Nice, small room (with bathroom) and board. Location central, with good view. Cool. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.
13281 A 7

CONNAUGHT HOUSE (3 Minghong Road), telephone 2650, central, comfortable furnished rooms, with or without board. Terms moderate.
13294 T. F.

EDUCATIONAL

LESSONS in Russian and English given by experienced professional lady teacher. Apply to Box 340, THE CHINA PRESS.
13340 A 5 7

ITALIAN lessons wanted by Britisher. Italian lady teacher preferred. Apply to Box 352, THE CHINA PRESS.
13360 A 6

EXPERIENCED Mandarin teacher has spare time for more pupils after 5 p.m. Apply to Mr. Hsia, I-831 North Soochow Road.
13346 A 6

ENGLISH conversation and speech lessons wanted by Chinese gentleman, twice weekly. American or English gentleman preferred. Must be near Eastern district. Apply to Box 332, THE CHINA PRESS.
13323 A 5

WANTED, penmanship lessons, Apply to Box 313, THE CHINA PRESS.
13257

SITUATIONS WANTED

YOUNG European lady (Ally) desires position as governess in outport. Knows music. Apply to Box 350, THE CHINA PRESS.
13359 A 7

EXPERIENCED stenographer and typist (American) desires position in American firm. Apply to Box 343, THE CHINA PRESS.
13342 A 5

STENOGRAPHY: American woman, experienced, open for engagement, morning or afternoon. Apply to Box 342, THE CHINA PRESS.
13342 A 5

BY an American, with many years' experience in accountancy work, position as a bookkeeper or accountant; very good references. Apply to Box 334, THE CHINA PRESS.
13330 A 5

YOUNG MAN seeks position; has five years' office experience. Fast typist. Apply to Box 321, THE CHINA PRESS.
13274 A 7

WANTED, position as godown-keeper, storekeeper or timekeeper by a Chinese. Many years' experience in Shanghai. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.
T. F

HOUSES TO LET

AVENUE JOFFRE, 277B, 277E now vacant; small houses near French Park. Tilley and Limby, 39 Szechuen Road.
13361 A 7

TO LET, immediate occupation, five-roomed furnished house, near French Park. Tls. 65 per month. Apply to Box No. 344, THE CHINA PRESS.
13345 A 5

CHINA Realty Company, Limited: To let, No. 114 Bubbling Well Road, from May 1st, four rooms, small garden. Rent Tls. 85 per month.
13339

TO LET, 67 Route Vallon. Beautiful detached residence, containing drawing room, dining-room, large halls, four bedrooms, built-in closets, three bathrooms, modern fittings, tennis court, April 1. Raven Trust.
13295

BROADWAY TERRACE; 4-roomed houses to let in Broadway. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road.
13271 A 6

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, young gentleman capable of managing growing business, knowledge of Chinese and salesmanship experience desirable. Smart American preferred, but not essential. Must be well-introduced. Remuneration and prospects excellent. Apply to Box 353, THE CHINA PRESS.
13362

WANTED, a young native Chinese, who has just left school, with good hand-writing, as learner. Please apply to Box 346, THE CHINA PRESS.
13348 A 6

COMPRADORE wanted for export business by American Company. $5,000 required. Good opportunity for able man. Apply to Box 336, THE CHINA PRESS.
13333 A 5

Exchange and Mart

STAMP COLLECTION for sale; a collection of some 3,500 fine specimens, among which is a good proportion of British and French Colonies, as well as China and Japan. Apply to Box 135, THE CHINA PRESS.
13330 A 5

FOR SALE: one used Ford touring car with self-starter; two Studebaker touring cars; one Studebaker Laudaulette: all in excellent condition. For particulars, apply to Markt & Co. (Shanghai), Ltd. Phone 322.
13275 A 6

WANTED: A good, second-hand man's bicycle. Apply to Box 349, THE CHINA PRESS.
13352 A 6

FOR SALE, a few Singer treadle and hand-sewing-machines, at reasonable prices. Please call P-474 Nanking Road for inspection.
13349 A 6

FOR SALE: Box, with material to work Montessori method. New, made at Siccawei. Apply to Box 318, THE CHINA PRESS.
13268 A 5